

TO THE MEMBERS OF CERTIFICATION ENGINEERS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the standalone accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Certification Engineers International Limited which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022. the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement for the year, the statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on 31st March, 2022 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements, give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st March 2022, and profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flow and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We have conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act, Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Ind AS Financia, Statements section of our report. We are Independent of the Company in accordance with the Code Of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirement that are relevant to our audit of the Financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and Code of Ethics. We believe that

the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our H.O. 9 AQualified Opinion on the standatone Ind AS financial statements:

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- 1. During the period covered under audit, the Company has issued credit note, crediting trade receivable and debiting revenue from operations, to the tune of Rs 27.51 Lakh pertaining to the Service Tax Regime, i.e., on or before 30/06/2017, and out of such Rs. 27.51 Lakh of credit note issued during the period under audit, issued fresh invoices of Rs. 19.12 Lakh during the year under consideration levying GST thereon, debiting trade receivable and crediting revenue from operations, in violation of Section 142 of the CGST Act, 2017. (For detailed discussion, please refer to Para No. 1 of the Annexure "C" forming part of the Audit Report)
- 2. The Company has written off Bad Debts to the tune of Rs 38.95 Lakh as depicted in Note No. 27C of the financial statements, out of which writing off of the debt to the tune of Rs. 2.14 Lakh has not been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held during the period covered under audit, i.e., on or before 31.03.2022. It has no impact upon the financial statement of the period covered under audit since the debt written off of Rs. 2.14 lakh stood provided for in full by way of expected credit loss in earlier year which was reversed during the period under consideration while recognizing bad debt. (For detailed discussion, please refer to Para No: 2 of the Annexure "C" forming part of the Audit Report)
- 3. The Company has not restated its financial statements in respect of material prior period errors of Rs. 64.12 Lakh as per Para 42 of Ind AS-8 namely, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimate and Errors". It has resulted into understatement of profit for the year and overstatement of opening balance of retained earnings forming part of reserve & surplus under Other Equity by the amount of Rs. 64.12 lakh. (For detailed discussion, please refer to Para No: 3 of the Annexure "C" forming part of the Audit Report)
- 4. During the period covered under audit, the Company has awarded contract to the empanelled agencies by making enquiry from empanelled agencies for new manpower jobs whose estimate was more than Rs. 1.15 crore, and as such violated the mandatory condition of Contract & Purchase Procedure approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 01.06,2021 which requires

mandatory floating of Open Tender for estimate of more than Rs. 25 lakh. (For detailed discussion, please refer to Para No: 4 of the Annexure - "C" forming part of the Audit Report)

5. During the period covered under audit, the Company has issued credit note, crediting trade receivable, debiting revenue from operations and reversing GST liability, to the tune of Rs. 1.43 crore to whom invoices were issued and corresponding revenue was recognized in earlier years on or after 01/07/2017 but before 31/03/2021, and simultaneously issued fresh invoices for the same amount during the year under consideration, debiting trade receivable, crediting revenue from operations and levying GST thereon. In the absence of any service rendered to such trade receivable against such fresh invoice during the year under consideration, raising of fresh invoice is in violation of Section 13 of the CGST Act, 2017 which requires the raising of invoice within 30 days of the rendering of service. (For detailed discussion, please refer to Para No: 5 of the Annexure—"C" forming part of the Audit Report)

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act' 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these. Ind AS financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, the Statement of change in Equity and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of
 the Companies Act, 2013 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on
 whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the
 operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Ind AS financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and

in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Ind AS financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit on the Ind AS financial statements subject to non-obtaining the information stated in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the order"), issued
 by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in
 "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the
 Order.
- As required by Section 143(5) of the Act, we have considered the directions and subdirections issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India. We give our report in the attached Annexure "A-1".
- 3. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that :
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

- e) Provisions of section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Government Company in terms of GSR 463(E) dated 5th June 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure-B".
- g) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that as per Notification No. GSR 463(E) dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Government Companies.
- h) With respect to other matters to be included in Auditors Report in accordance with Rule 11 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) 2014, as amended in our opinion and to best of our information and explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Ind AS financial statements – Refer Note No. 35.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For S.B.G. & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001818N

(CA S.B. Gupta)

Partner

M. No.: 089415

Place: New Delhi Dated: 25/05/2022

UDIN: 22089415AJRZYLG877

Annexure- A to the Auditors' Report

i. The Annexure referred to in independent Auditors' Report to the members of the company on the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

Clause	Description of		Auditor's Remarks						
(i)	(a) (A) wheth particulars, inc and Equipmen (B) whether t particulars of	Yes							
	verified by the discrepancies	(b) whether these Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account							
	(c) whether the properties when duly executed statements are details thereof format below;	The Company is having leasehold property situated at CBD Belapur,							
	Description of Property	Gross Carryi ng value	Held in name of	Whether Promoter Director or their relative or employee	Period held indicate range where appropriate	Reason for not being held in name of company	Navi Mumbai, the title deeds of which is in the name of the company		

	d) Whether the Company has revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year and, if so, whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer; specify the amount of change, if change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets;	No			
	(e) Whether any proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any Benami property under the "Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder; if so, whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements;	No			
(ii)	(a) whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether, in the opinion of the auditor, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate; whether any discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account;				
	(b) whether during any point of time of the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; whether the quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company. If not, give details.	Clause not applicable			
(iii)	whether during the year the company has made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability	Clause not applicable			

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Partnerships or	any other parties. If so,	
	ring the year the company has provided loans or provided	
advances in the	nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to	
any other entity	[not applicable to companies whose principal business is	
to give loans], i	f so, indicate-	
(A) the aggrega	ate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the	
balance sheet d	ate with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees	
or security to su	bsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.	
(B) the aggrega	te amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the	
balance sheet de	ate with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees	
or security to pa	arties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.	
(b) whether the	investments made, guarantees provided, security given and C	lause not
the terms and	conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the ap	plicable
nature of loan	s and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the	
company's inter	rest;	
(c) in respect o	of loans and advances in the nature of loans whether the Cl	lause not
schedule of rep	payment of principal and payment of interest has been ap	plicable
stipulated and w	hether the repayments or receipts are regular;	
(d) if the amoun	nt is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than C	lause not
ninety days, ar	nd whether reasonable steps have been taken by the ap	plicable
company for rec	covery of the principal and interest;	
(e) whether any	loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has Cl	ause not
fallen due durin	ng the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans ap	plicable
granted to settle	the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties; If	
so, specify the	aggregate amount of such dues renewed or extended or	
settled by fresh	loans and the percentage of the aggregate to the total loans	
or advances in the	he nature of loans granted during the year. [Not applicable	
to companies wh	nose principal business is to give loans];	
(f) whether the	Company has granted any loans or advances in the nature Cl	ause not
of loans either i	repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or ap	plicable
period of repay	ment; if so, specify the aggregate amount, percentage	
thereof to the to	otal loans granted, aggregate amount of loans granted to	
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	Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013	
(iv)	in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security whether provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with. If not, provide the details thereof.	Clause not applicable
(v)	in respect of deposits accepted by the Company or amounts which are deemed to be deposits, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable, have been complied with? If not, the nature of such contraventions be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not?	Clause not applicable
(vi)	whether maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act and whether such accounts and records have been so made and maintained	Clause not applicable
(vii)	(a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;	Yes
	(b) where statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending shall be mentioned. (A mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute).	As per details mentioned in the respective paragraph
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	Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (U in lacs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending		
	Service Tax, as per Finance Act, 1994	Show Cause Notice cum Demand of service Tax	1130.41*	April 2004 to March 2013	CESTAT		
	Income Tax Act, 1961	Rectification u/s 154	63.24	AY 2016- 17	AO		
	Income Tax Act, 1961	Rectification u/s 154	124.37	AY 2015- 16	AO		
	*Inclusive of	interest and pena	ulty.				
(viii)	whether any transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961; if so, whether the previously unrecorded income has been properly recorded in the books of account during the year?						
(ix)	(a) whether the company has defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender? If yes, the period and the amount of default to be reported as per the format below:						
	(b) Whether the company is a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender?						
	(c) Whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained; if not, the amount of loan so diverted and the purpose for which it is used may be reported (d) whether funds raised on short term basis have been utilised for long term purposes? If yes, the nature and amount to be indicated						
	(e) whether the Company has taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures? If so, details thereof with nature of such transactions and the amount in each case						

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	(f) whether the Company has raised loans during the year on the pledge of	Clause not
	securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies? If so, give details thereof and also report if the company has defaulted in repayment of such loans raised.	applicable
(x)	(a) whether moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year were applied for the purposes for which those are raised. If not, the details together with delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, as may be applicable, be reported;	Clause not applicable
	(b) whether the Company has made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and if so, whether the requirements of Section 42 and Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the funds raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. If not, provide details in respect of amount involved and nature of non-compliance	Clause not applicable
(xi)	(a) whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated;	Clause not applicable
	(b) whether any report under sub-Section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014	Clause not applicable
	with the Central Government?	
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	(b) whether the Nidhi Company is maintain term deposits as specified in the Nidhi liability;			
	(c). whether there has been any default in or repayment thereof for any period and if s	2077).	Clause not applicable	
(xiii)	whether all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards;	Transactions by Audit Committee is applicable on the Company as Company of not get covered under Rule 4 of Company, (Appointment and Qualification of Direct		
(xiv)	(a) whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business?(b) Whether the reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by the statutory auditor?	Yes but the reports of internative second half of the finance audit, i.e. from 01.10.2021 have not been shared with us.	ial year under	
(xv)	whether the company has entered into a directors or persons connected with him an of section 192 of Companies Act have been	d if so, whether the provisions	Clause not applicable	
(xvi)	(a) whether the company is required to be of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and has been obtained.	registered under section 45-1A	Clause not applicable	

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	(b) whether the Company has conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934	Clause not applicable
	(c) whether the Company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined under the Regulations by the Reserve Bank of India? If so, whether it continues to fulfil the criteria of a CIC and In case the company is an exempted or unregistered CIC, whether it continues to fulfil such criteria	Clause not applicable
	(d) Whether the Group has more than one CIC as part of the Group, If yes, indicate the number of CICs which are part of the Group.	Clause not applicable
(xvii)	whether the Company has incurred cash losses in the Financial Year and in the immediately preceding Financial year? If so, state the amount of cash losses	Clause not applicable
(xviii)	whether there has been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year? If so, whether the auditor has taken into consideration the issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors?	Clause not
(xix)	on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, whether the auditor is of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.	No adverse comments
(xx)	(a) whether, in respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act.	Yes

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(xxi)	whether there have been any qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements? If yes, indicate the details of the companies and the paragraph numbers of	Clause not applicable
	the CARO report containing the qualifications or adverse remarks	

For S.B.G. & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001818N

(CA S.B. Gupta)

Partner

M. No.: 089415

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 25/05/2022

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SUPPLEMENTARY- DIRECTIONS TO THE STATUTORY AUDITORS

S.No.	Directions	Reply
1	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT System? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	Yes, processing of all the accounting transactions of CEIL are being done through IT System. All the transactions are stored on parent company's server to keep the data safe and secure. As no accounting transaction is outside IT System, there is no financial implication in that regard.
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company).	The Company (CEIL) has not taken any loan from any lender. Therefore, there is no case of restructuring of any existing loan or cases of waiver/write-off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company during the year 2021-22.
3	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for/ utilised as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	Not applicable to the Company (CEIL) as no funds received/receivable by it for specific schemes from Central/State agencies.

For S.B.G. & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001818N

(CA. S.B. Gupta)

Partner

M. No.: 089415

Place: New Delhi Dated: 25/05/2022

UDIN: R2089415AJRZYL6877

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

We have conducted the audit of accounts of M/s Certification Engineers International Ltd, for the year ending 31st March 2022 in accordance with the directions/sub directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the directions/ sub-directions issued to us.

For S.B.G. & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001818N

(CA S.B. Gupta)

Partner

M. No.: 089415

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 25/05/2022 UDIN: 22087415AJRZYLB877

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ANNEXURE-B to the Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Certification Engineers International Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Control

The company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Auditof Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the companies Act, 2013 to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Control and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate

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internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting.

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weakness have been identified as at March 31,2022

- The Company did not have an appropriate internal financial control system with regard to the control activities in compliance of payment mechanism to the vendors and as such we have found one such instance wherein rent of Rs 8000/was excessively paid by the Company in the account of Mr. Aman Arora in the month of January, 2022 instead of crediting the amount to Mr. Anil Dhinwa. This type of excess payment in the account of vendor raises serious doubts as to check in procedure prevalent in the respective software of the company by which payments are processed and defeat the very purpose of internal financial control.
- The Company did not have appropriate internal financial control system with respect to the Corporate Governance and as such during the period under audit major non-compliances in the nature of Proper constitution of the Board, Audit Committee have emerged out but also various mattes to be taken up by the Board as well as Audit Committee have been missed out in the respective meetings which have been discussed in detail separately in part of our report on Corporate Governance.
- The Company did not have appropriate internal financial control system with respect to the identification of Prior Period Errors and their materiality on the financial statements if any, and as such during the course of audit it has been observed that the Company has failed to identify material prior period errors of Rs 64.12 Lakhs and also failed to restate their financials as per Ind AS-8

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, because of the effects/possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company needs improvement to have adequate and effective internal financial controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

We have considered the material weaknesses identified and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the March 31, 2022 Ind AS financial statements of the Company, and these material weaknesses adversely affect our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements of the Company.

For S.B.G. & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001818N

(CA S.B. Gupta)

Partner

M. No.: 089415

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 25/05/2022

UDIN: 22089415-AJRYLG877

ANNEXURE-C to the Auditor's Report

1. Credit Note pertaining to Service Tax Regime :

During the course of Audit it has been observed that the Company has issued credit note to the tune of Rs 27.51 Lakhs as depicted in Table A below pertaining to the Service Tax Regime ie on or before 30/06/2017 and re-issued fresh invoices to the tune of Rs 19.12 Lakhs as depicted in Table B out of credit note of Rs 27.51 Lakhs in violation of Section 142 of the GST Act, 2017.

As per Section 142 of the GST Act, 2017 where, in pursuance of a contract entered into prior to the appointed day, the price of any goods or services or both is revised upwards on or after the appointed day, the registered person who had removed or provided such goods or services or both shall issue to the recipient a supplementary invoice or debit note, containing such particulars as may be prescribed, within thirty days of such price revision and for the purpose of this Act such supplementary invoice or debit note shall be deemed to have been issued in respect of an outward supply made under this Act.

Where, in pursuance of a contract entered into prior to the appointed day, the price of any goods or services or both is revised downwards on or after the appointed day, the registered person who had removed or provided such goods or services or both may issue to the recipient a credit note, containing such particulars as may be prescribed, within thirty days of such price revision and for the purpose of this Act such credit note shall be deemed to have been issued in respect of an outward supply made under this Act.

As per the requirement of Section 142 of the GST Act, 2017 all the credit note or debit note had to be issued within thirty days at the time of transition phase of GST roll-over ie from the appointed date. Issuing credit note and subsequent issue of fresh invoices pertaining to the service tax regime during the period under audit is in violation of transition provisions of the GST Act, 2017. In nutshell the issue of credit note amounting to Rs 27.51 Lakhs and issue of fresh invoices to the tune of Rs 19.51 Lakhs are not in conformity with the true spirits of transition provisions of GST Act, 2017

Table A

			Total.	2751357,00	385190,06	7691,49	5024.49	3149263.04		
ebited	30/06/2021	9422	VMSS	399738	55963,32	1998,69	1998,69	459698,7		14/2014-15
TCN212 011 evenue	31/03/2022	9525	Executive Engineer-RMC	28763	4027	144	144	33078,00	056 6	30/06/2010
TCN212 009	31/03/2022	9525	Executive Engineer-RMC	51859	7260	259	259	59637,00	565	30/06/201
TCN212 008	31/03/2022	9525	Additional City Engineer-RMC	226281	31679	1131	1131	260222.00	516	28/06/201
TCN212 007	31/01/2022	9545	Rehance Industries Limited	200000	28000	500	500	229000 00	160	19/04/201
TCN212 006	31/01/2022	9545	Reliance Industries Limited	520161	72823			592984.00	140	12/11/201
TCN212 005	31/01/2022	9545	Reliance Industries Limited	592742	82984			675726,00	118	30/09/201
TCN212	25/11/2021	9422	Rajkamal Builders Infrast Pvt Ltd	39398	5516	197	197	45308,00	663 665 & 769	30/06/201
TCN212 003	25/11/2021	9422A	VADODARA URBAN DEVELOPMEN T AUTHORITY	52291	7320.4	261.46	261.46	60134.66	164	30/12/201
TCN212 002	25/11/2021	9422A	VADODARA URBAN DEVELOPMEN T AUTHORITY	64868.00	9082	324.4	324,34	74598.68	164	30/12/201
FTCN212	31/19/2021	9422A	VADODARA URBAN DEVELOPMEN T AUTHORITY	575256.00	80535	2876	209	658876.00	173 2, 006 4 & 164 3	31/01/2016. 09/04/2016 & 30/12/2016
Cr Note No.	CN Date	Job No	Customer Name	Fees Amount	Service Tax @ 14%	S.B.Ce ss @ 0.5%	K.K.Ce ss @ 0.5%	Toial	d In vo ice N o.	Date
Cr				· Carlo Consona		Service	Service S.B.Ce	Service S.B.Ce K.K.Ce	Service S.B.Ce K.K.Ce	Service S.B.Ce K.K.Ce In



Table B

Old Invoice No.	Date	New Invoice No.	Date	Fees Amount	IGST
1732, 0064 & 1643	31/01/2016, 09/04/2016 & 30/12/2016	27000212201201	26/10/2021	570503	
663, 665 & 769	30/06/2017	1548 & 1545	30/11/2021	29520	5314
118	30/09/2015	27000212201902	31/01/2022	592742	106694
1400	.12/11/2015	27000212201903	31/01/2022	520161	93629
160	19/04/2016	27000212201904	31/01/2022	200000	36000
				1912926.00	241637.00

2. Bad Debts not approved by the Board

During the course of audit it has been observed that Bad debts to the tune of Rs 38.95 Lakshs have been booked under Note No 27C of the financial statements out of which Bad debts to the tune of Rs 2.14 Lakhs have not been approved by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on or before 31.03.2022. The details of Bad debts to the tune of Rs 2.14 Lakhs not approved by the Board are being presented below:

Sr. No.	CEIL Job No.	Client	INVOICE NO	INVOICE DATE	Written Off Amount
1	9422	VUDA	1732	13/01/2016	59,070.00
2	9545	RIL	1118	30/09/2015	82,984.00
3	9545	RIL	1400	12/11/2015	72,823.00
Total					214,877.00



3. Prior Period Errors

As per Para 42 of Ind AS -8(Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimate and Errors)- An entity shall correct material prior period errors retrospectively in the first set of financial statements approved for issue after their discovery by:

- (a) Restating the comparative amounts for the prior period(s) presented in which the error occurred; or
- (b) If the error occurred before the earliest prior period presented, restating the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest prior period presented

Wherein as per company policy the material prior period have been considered to be 3% of the PBT. During the course of audit prior period errors to the extent of Rs 64.12 lakhs have been identified which are more than the 3% of PBT of the Company. The prior period errors have been identified in Table A & Table B.

Table A

Cr Note No.	CN Date	JobNo	Customer Name	Prior Period Amount (Credit Note)	Invoice Dated
CN212200006	30.04.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	24,900.00	31-Mar-21
CN212200059	29.07.2021	9305	A-1 Fence Products Company Pvt Ltd	22,000.00	10-Mar-21
CN212200067	31.07.2021	9592	Engineers India Limited	78,201,80	31-Aug-18
CN212200068	31.07.2021	9592	Engineers India Limited	4,300.00	22/04/2019 & 19/10/2019
CN212200069	31.07.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	117,438.00	31-Dec-19
CN212200070	31.07.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	177,350.00	14-Oct-20
CN212200073	31.07.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	149,418.00	10-Oct-20

CN212200080	31.08.2021	9595D	Amritsar Cantonment Board	2,406.78	16-Apr-20
CN212200081	31.08.2021	9615	NBCC (India) Ltd	23,666.68	20-Nov-19
CN212200092	27.09.2021	9628	Tata Project Ltd	44,250.00	15-Oct-20
CN212200093	27.09.2021	9626	Tata Project Ltd	38,350.00	15-Oct-20
CN212200095	30.09.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	28,796.00	17-Apr-20
CN212200096	30.09.2021	9607	Engineers India Limited	74,724.00	20-Nov-20
CN212200098	30.09.2021	9592	Engineers India Limited	750,00	26-Feb-21
CN212200099	30.09.2021	9607	Engineers India Limited	11,122.00	12-Oct-20
CN212200100	30.09.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	15,163.00	20-May-20
CN212200101	30.09.2021	9607	Engineers India Limited	4,982.00	12-Oct-20
CN212200102	30.09.2021	9548	Engineers India Limited	15,832.05	20-Sep-20
CN212200103	30.09.2021	9548	Engineers India Limited	2,560.00	12-Oct-20
CN212200123	30.09.2021	9306	M. M. Shawl Engineers & Contractors P Ltd	59.00	30-Nov-20
CN212200124	30.09.2021	9306	New Valley Hardware Store	844.00	30-Nov-20
CN212200125	30.09,2021	9306	Friends Engineering Works	780.00	31-Aug-20
CN212200126	30.09.2021	9305	ARB Conveyors	491.00	31-Dec-20
CN212200127	30.09.2021	9308	HOF Furniture System Private Limited	341.00	05-Oct-20
CN212200128	30.09.2021	9308	Laxmi Engineers	65.00	13-Jan-21
CN212200129	30.09.2021	9586	Konkan Railway Corporation Limited	16,141.00	16-Dec-20
CN212200130	30.09.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	289,081.00	24-Jun-20

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Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9538	KRCL	299301	2020-21
Revenue Debited	30.09.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	60,585.00	2019-20
Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	117,438.00	2019-20
STCN2122011	31.03.2022	9525	Executive Engineer- RMC	28,763.00	30/06/2016
STCN2122009	31.03.2022	9525	Executive Engineer- RMC	51,859.00	30/06/2016
STCN2122008	31,03,2022	9525	Additional City Engineer-RMC	226,281.00	28/06/2017
STCN2122003	25.11.2021	9422A	VADODARA URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	52,291.00	30/12/2016
STCN2122002	25.11.2021	9422A	VADODARA URBAN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	64,868.00	30/12/2016
CN212200175	22.12.2021	9432	Surat Municipal Corporation	43,239.00	21-Jan-20
CN212200174	22.12.2021	9432	Surat Municipal Corporation	17,598.00	19-Mar-18
CN212200173	22.12.2021	9432	Surat Municipal Corporation	59,113.90	16-Mar-18
CN212200167	25.11.2021	9422	Rajkamal Builder Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	20,280.00	31-Mar-19
CN212200166	25,11,2021	9422	Rajkamal Builder Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	125,744.00	31-Mar-19
CN212200165	25.11.2021	9422	Rajkamal Builder Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	72,996.00	31-Mar-19
CN212200163	25.11.2021	9422	Rajkamal Builder Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	10,800.00	31-Oct-1
CN212200161	25.11.2021	9617	Nashik Municipal Smart City Development	21,758.62	16-Mar-2
CN212200132	30.09.2021	9592	Engineers India Limited	697.00	30-Jun-2
CN212200131	30.09.2021	9607	Engineers India Limited	20,236.00	29-Oct-20

Total				6,246,452.63	38
Revenue Debited	30/06/2021	9422	VMSS	399738.00	2013-14/2014-
CN202100161	31.01.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	1074506.00	20-Nov-2020
CN202100160	31.01.2021	9410	Engineers India Limited	1144588.00	12-Oct-2020
Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9616	KRCL	108.00	2020-21
Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9606	PSCDCL	1,049,674.00	2018-19
Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9592	EIL	80,798.80	2018-19/2019- 20
Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9586	KRCL	56,623.00	2017-18/2018- 19
Revenue Debited	30.06.2021	9586	KRCL	2,556.00	2020-21

Table B

Table D										
VCHR_NO	VCHRDATE	ACHD_CD	ACHD_DESC	AC_NO	NARATION	Invoice Month	Prior Period Errors Amt.			
131	31-Dec-21	62016	PRINTING & STATIONERY- OTHER MISC	9422	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	2539			
131	31-Dec-21	62016	PRINTING & STATIONERY- OTHER MISC	9601	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	2539			
131	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9422	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP & 203	Oct-20	3058			

131	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9601	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	3058
131	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9422	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	9494
131	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9601	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	9494
131	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9422	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	10041
131	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9601	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	10040
131	31-Dec-21	67010	OFFICE TELEPHONE EXPENSES	9422	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	1362
131	31-Dec-21	67010	OFFICE TELEPHONE EXPENSES	9601	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	1361
131	31-Dec-21	69310	COURIER CHARGES	9422	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	714

131	31-Dec-21	69310	COURIER CHARGES	9601	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	714
131	31-Dec-21	75413	ENTERTAINMENT - OTHER PLACES	8529	VADODARA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	810
132	31-Dec-21	62016	PRINTING & STATIONERY- OTHER MISC	9422	VADODARA GH EXP JUN-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Jun-20	2975
132	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9422	VADODARA GH EXP JUN-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Jun-20	4514
132	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9422	VADODARA GH EXP JUN-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Jun-20	1560
132	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9422	VADODARA GH EXP JUN-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Jun-20	12755
132	31-Dec-21	67010	OFFICE TELEPHONE EXPENSES	9422	VADODARA GH EXP JUN-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Jun-20	2689
124	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9614	SOJAT GH EXP JULY20 CLAOM BY EMP C172	Jul-20	480



127	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9614	GH EXP NOV-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187 RAJGARH	Nov-20	370
127	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9614	GH EXP NOV-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187	Jul-20	6450
128	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9614	RAJGARH GH EXP JUL-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187	Jul-20	623
128	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE HOUSE KEEPING	9614	RAJGARH GH EXP JUL-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187 RAJGARH	Jul-20	5500
128	31-Dec-21	64214	MATERIALS &	9614	GH EXP	Jul-20	370

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			CONSUMABLES	Ť	JUL-20		
					CLAIM BY EMP C187		
128	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9614	RAJGARH GH EXP JUL-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187	Jul-20	6190
129	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9614	RAJGARH GH EXP AUG-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187	Aug-20	37(
129	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9614	RAJGARH GH EXP AUG-20 CLAIM BY EMP C187	Aug-20	7156
126	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9599	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	64
126	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9615	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	64
					DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20		22
126	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9615	CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	441
126	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9622	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	441
126	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9622	DWARKA GH EXP	Oct-20	441

Account

				1	OCT-20		
					CLAIM BY EMP		
= =					C203		
126	31-Dec-21	62020	OFFICE SUPPLY	9622	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	64
126	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9599	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	2780
126	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9615	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	2780
126	31-Dec-21	64112	LIGHT, WATER - TRANSIT FLAT/GUEST HOUSE	9622	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	2780
126	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9599	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	6292
126	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS & CONSUMABLES	9615	DWARKA GH EXP OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203	Oct-20	6292
126	31-Dec-21	64214	HOUSE KEEPING MATERIALS &	9622	DWARKA GH EXP	Oct-20	6293

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	CONSUMABLES	OCT-20 CLAIM BY EMP C203		
31.05.2021	Purchase of Fixed Assets		Dec-20	4153
	Total			165927

The Company has failed to restate its financials in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS -8 and also failed to disclose as per Para 46 the below mentioned disclosures: In applying paragraph 42, an entity shall disclose the following:

- (a) The nature of the prior period error;
- (b) For each prior period presented, to the extent practicable, the amount of the correction:
 - (i) For each financial statement line item affected; and
 - (ii) If Ind AS 33 applies to the entity, for basic and diluted earnings per share;
- (c) The amount of correction at the beginning of the earliest prior period presented; and
- (d) If retrospective restatement is impracticable for a particular prior period, the circumstances that led to the existence of that condition and a description of how and from when the error has been corrected.

4. Non Floatation of Open Tender Enquiry.

During the course of audit it was observed that CEIL had floated Open Tender in the year 2019 for Empanelment of Agencies for Hiring of Human Resources for Offshore & Onshore Jobs in India and pursuant to that the below mentioned agencies were empanelled as mentioned in **Table A** with respect to the rendering of below mentioned services as mentioned in **Table B** for a period of 3 years and as such Empanelment Letter/Letter of Acceptance were issued on 01.06.2019 with terms of contract expiring on 31.05.2022. The tender document contained the clause that scope of services could be increased or decreased as per the requirement.

Table A

S. No.	Name of Agencies
1	M/s Pioneer E Solutions Pvt. Ltd
	- 6

2	M/s Bonace Engineers Pvt. Ltd	
3	M/s Sinclus Engineering & Consulting Pvt. Ltd	
4	M/s Aarvi Encon Pvt, Ltd	
5	M/s Keltech Offshore & Engineers Services Pvt. Ltd	

Table B
Schedule of Rate (SOR) (Pioneer – Accepted)

For Engineers				
Sr. No	Sub S. No	Category	Proposed Position	
		Mechanical/Metallurgy Engineer	Engineer-I (EngI) (E-I)	
			Engineer -I (EngI) (with CSWIP-3.1 certification)(E-I)	
			Engineer -I (EngI) (with CSWIP-3.2 certification)(E-I)	
	1.1		Engineer -I (EngI) (with PAU/TOFD certification)(E-I)	
			Engineer -II (EngII) (E-II)	
			Engineer -II (EngII) (with NACE certification)(E-II)	
			Engineer -II (EngII) (with CSWIP-3.1 certification)(E-II)	
			Engineer -II (EngII) (with CSWIP-3.2 certification)(E-II)	
			Engineer -II (EngII) (with PAU/TOFD certification)(E-II)	
			Engineer -III (EngIII) (E-III)	
			Engineer -IV (EngIV) (E-IV)	
	1.2	Electrical & Instrumentation Engineer	Engineer (E&I)-I (E-I)	
			Engineer (E&I)-II (E-II)	
	1.3	Civil Engineer	Engineer (Civil)r-I (E-I)	
			Engineer (Civil)-II (E-II)	
			Engineer (Civil)-III (E-III)	
			Engineer (Civil)-IV (E-IV)	
	1.4	Information Technology	Engineer (IT)-I(E-I)	

	Chemical Engineer [A- Inclusive of Accommodation	Engineer (Chem.)-IIB (E-IIB)(North East)
1.5	and Transportation, B- Excluding Accommodation	Engineer(Chem.)-IIA (E-IIA)(Restof India)
(M.S.C.)	and Transportation]	Engineer(Chem.)-IIB (E-IIB)(Restof India)

CIN: U74899DL1994GOI062371 For Marine Division						
S. No Sub S. No		Category	Proposed Position			
	2.1	Deck Officer	Deck Officer			
2	2.2	Master Mariner	Master Mariner			
	2.3	Naval Architect	Naval Architect			

For Safety						
S. No	S. No Sub S. No	Category	Proposed Position			
			Safety Officer			
			Sr. Safety Officer	-		
3	3.1	Safety Officer/Engineer	Dy. Manager(Safety)			
			Manager(Safety)			

For Draftsman						
S. No	Sub S. No	Category	Proposed Position			
		Draftsman (Mechanical)	Jr. Draftsman(Mech.)			
	4.1		Draftsman(Mech.)			
		Draftsman (Electrical)	Jr. Draftsman (Elect.)			
	4.2		Draftsman (Elect.)			
at:		Draftsman (Civil)	Jr. Draftsman (Civil)			
4	4.3		Draftsman (Civil)			
		Draftsman-3D Modellers	Jr. Draftsman (3D-Modelling)			
	4.4		Draftsman (3D-Modelling)			

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		For Dip	oloma or ITI Supervisor
S. No	Sub S. No	Category	Proposed Position
5		Supervisor	Asst. Supervisor(Mech.)
	5.1	(Mechanical)	Jr. Supervisor(Mech.)
		Supervisor	Asst. Supervisor (Elect.)
	5.2	(Electrical)	Jr. Supervisor (Elect.)
	-	Supervisor	Asst. Supervisor (Civil.)
	5.3	(Civil)	Jr. Supervisor (Civil.)
	5,4	Supervisor (F&A)	Jr. Supervisor (F&A)

For Support Non Technical Staff						
S. No	Sub S. No	Category	Proposed Position			
		Officer (Gr1)	Officer-GrI			
		Inspection Associate(Gr1)	Inspection Associate-GrI			
6.1	6.1	Officer(GrII)	Officer-Gr-H			
		Inspection Associate(GrII)	Inspection Associate-Gr-II			

At the time of audit it was observed that during the financial year 2021-2022 new jobs were created as mentioned in **Table C & Table D** and enquires were mailed in the month of September 2021 again to the above five agencies as mentioned in **Table A** and rates were obtained as mentioned in respective Table C & D containing man month rates and work was awarded for 9 months till 31.05,2022.

Table C

Sched	ule of Rate (SOR)- Project Based Spe	cial Requir	ement's	
	For Technical Staff			
	CEIL ESTIMATE (A)	Agency's	HRA for the project based[in	Site Allowanc e CEIL

						Rate per Manmonth (in INR) (B)	RupeesJ CEIL Estimate (C)	Estimate (E)	
		Contract	Enginee r-IV	Man- month	120000	132000	17000	15600	
		Manage r	Enginee r-III	Man- month	105000	115500	13440	15600	
		Constru	Enginee r-I	Man- month	42965	47261	5093	13000	
1.4[Pr oject]	Civil[I nfrastr ucture]	ction Enginee r	Enginee r-II	Man- month	56726	62398	6784	15600	
		Site	Enginee r-I	Man- month	30334	33367	3600	13000	
		Supervis or	Enginee r-II	Man- month	36707	40378	3840	15600	
		Surveyo r's	Site Surveyo r	Man- month	36707	40378	3840	15600	
			Docume nt Controlle r	Docume nt Controll er	Man- month	28381	31219	3360	13000
		Planning Engineer	Enginee r-I	Man- month	42965	47261	5093	13000	
		Linguitor	Enginee r-II	Man- month	56726	62398	6784	15600	
		Total			556511	612160	68834	145600	

Table D

		Sche	dule Of R	ate (Sor)-	Based On	Our Upcoming	Project Requirement's
					For Tec	hnical Staff	
S.	Su	Categ	Propo	Unit	Base	Agency's	Cities with 50 Lakhs & above
N	b	огу	sed	Of	Rate	resultant	population- CEIL Estimate(C)
0	S.		Desig	Meas	(Pre-	Rate per	

No		natio n	urem ent	Filled Rate In INR) CEIL Estimat c (A)	Manmonth (In INR)(B)	
		Engin eer(C hem)-	Man month	43460	47806	6400.00
1.5	Chem ical Engin	Engin eer(C hem)-	Man month	79090	86604	8000.00
	eer	Engin eer(C hem)-	Man month	103840	114224	9600.00
		Engin eer(C hem)-	Man month	113930	125323	11200.00
		Engin eer(C hem)-	Man month	124950	137445	12800.00
	Total			465270	511402	48000

Calculation of total estimate for different jobs as posted in Table C & D based on the contract validity of 9 months :

Table -E

S.No	Total Man Month Rate for Table C	Total Man Month Rate for Table D	Total Man Month Rate for Table C (9 months)	Total Man Month Rate for Table D (9 months)	Total Estimate for 9 months for Table C
Job Estimate	556511	465270	5008599	4187430	9196029
HRA	68834	48000	619506	432000	1051506

Site Allowance	145600	-8	1310400	12	1310400
Total	770945	513270	6938505	4619430	11557935

From the above table it can be very well apprised that the total estimate for jobs were Rs 1.15 cr.

As per Contract & Purchase Procedure of CEIL approved in the 125th Board meeting dated 01.06.2021 the relevant para are being discussed as such:

Para 2.4: In case the minimum requirement of five agencies for a Limited Tendering or the total maximum estimated value of enquiry of Rs 25 lakhs is not met, then the enquiry shall be floated on Open e-tender basis irrespective of the value, through GeM or CPPP platforms. Details of such tenders shall also be provided on CEIL website.

Para 3.1: Enquires where the estimated value is above the threshold value for Open enquiries ie INR 25 lakhs, shall be issued as open e-tender on GeM Portal/CPP portal and duly advertised on CEIL's website.

Observations: From the perusal of the para 2.4 & 3.1 of Contract & Purchase Procedure of CEIL wherein the estimate value of enquiry is Rs 25 lakhs or more then Open e-tender had to be floated and as depicted in Table-E hereinabove the estimated value of enquiry was more than Rs 1.15 cr for different jobs as depicted in Table C & D hereinabove mandated CEIL to go for open enquiry whereas the same remained non complied. By sending the enquiry in the month of September 2021 to the agencies empaneled by CEIL where value of estimated enquiry was more than Rs 1.15 cr as depicted in Table E, the CEIL has violated the mandate requirement of Para 2.4 & 3.1 of Contract & Purchase Procedure as approved in the 125th Meeting of the Board of Directors dated 01.06.2021

5. Credit Note & Revenue in violation of GST Act,2017

It has been observed during the course of audit that company has issued credit note to the tune of Rs 1.43 crores pertaining to the financial year 2018-2021 during the period under audit and has not provided us any evidence as to any discount or price reduction subject to which credit notes have been issued and not only this the company has further raised invoices against the credit note issued pertaining to the previous years which is again the violation of GST Act as no evidence of fresh supply of services have been provided during the year.

The details of Credit Note issued and fresh invoicing done against the same are being tabularized below:

Cr Note No.	CN Data	Job No	Customer Name	Fees	Rejected Invoice	Invoice
Cr Note No.	CN Date	140	(SAME SEED)	Amount	invoice	Dated
CN212200009	20-May- 21	9308	JWIL Infra Ltd	324000.00	27000202102381	31-Mar-21
CN212200014	31-May- 21	9595R	Morar Cantonment Board	29515.00	27000202102156	05-Mar-21
CN212200015	31-May- 21	9595R	Morar Cantonment Board	27272.00	27000202102157	05-Mar-21
CN212200016	31-May- 21	9595R	Morar Cantonment Board	96093.00	27000202102158	05-Mar-21
CN212200017	31-May- 21	9595R	Morar Cantonment Board	26950.00	27000202102159	05-Mar-21
CN212200018	31-May- 21	9595R	Morar Cantonment Board	27150.00	27000202102160	05-Mar-21
CN212200022	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	59450.13	27000202102414	3)-Mar-21
CN212200023	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	50528.11	27000202102413	31-Mar-21
CN212200024	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	55912.37	27000202102333	27-Mar-21
CN212200025	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	22719.37	27000202102331	27-Mar-21

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CN212200026	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	9888.88	27000202102415	31-Mar-21
CN212200027	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	20848.8	27000202102334	27-Mar-21
CN212200028	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	110937.19	27000202102416	31-Mar-21
CN212200029	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	60410.96	27000202102330	27-Mar-21
CN212200030	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	7090.46	27000202102439	31-Mar-21
CN212200031	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	107431.35	27000202102308	24-Mar-21
CN212200032	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	107593.99	27000202102332	27-Mar-21
CN212200033	17-Jun-21	9606	Pune Smart City Development Corporation Ltd	67015.91	27000202102430	31-Mar-21

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CN212200037	22-Jun-21	9305	Prem Industries	80575	27000202101347	22-Oct-20
CN212200038	23-Jun-21	9548	Engineers India Limited	137373.36	27000202101862	21-Jan-21
CN212200039	23-Jun-21	9410	Engineers India Limited	6504	27000202102351	31-Mar-21
CN212200040	23-Jun-21	9410	Engineers India Limited	3204	27000202102350	31-Mar-21
CN212200041	23-Jun-21	9410	Engineers India Limited	23600	27000202102349	31-Mar-21
CN212200042	23-Jun-21	9410	Engineers India Limited	25680	27000202102346	31-Mar-21
CN2122R004	28-Jun-21	9308	Electrotherm (I) Ltd	12000	27000202101175	11-Oct-20
CN212200047	30-Jun-21	9308	Flowserve Sanmar Limited	10800	27000202102421	31-Mar-21
CN212200048	30-Jun-21	9308	Patel Airtemp (India) Ltd	54000	27000202102382	31-Mar-21
CN212200049	30-Jun-21	9308	Oswal Industries Ltd	60000	27000202100873	15-Sep-20
CN212200050	30-Jun-21	9308	Chetas Control Systems Pvt Limited	21600	27000202100515	31-Jul-20
CN212200053	14-Jul-21	9308	Gujarat State Petronet Limited	13200	27000192000698	06-Aug-19
CN212200054	14-Jul-21	9308	Oswal Industries Ltd	50000	27000192002618	31-Mar-20
CN212200055	14-Jul-21	9301	Kirloskar Brothers Limited	154440.82	27000202100221	16-Jun-20
CN212200060	30-Jul-21	9308	Howden Thomassen Compressors BV	453674.65	27000192002391	29-Feb-20
CN212200061	31-Jul-21	9308	Gujarat State Petronet	13200	27000192001108	23-Sep-19

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		Î	Limited			
CN212200062	31-Jul-21	9308	Thermal Systems (HYD) Pvt Ltd	10714	27000202100177	31-May-20
CN212200063	31-Jul-21	9308	Thermal Systems (HYD) Pvt Ltd	10714	27000202100185	31-May-20
CN212200064	31-Jul-21	9308	Thermal Systems (HYD) Pvt Ltd	10714	27000202100389	14-Jul-20
CN212200076	11-Aug-21	9422	Vadodara Mahanagar Seva Sadan	125547	27000202101134	08-Oct-20
CN212200082	31-Aug-21	9422	Larsen & Toubro Limited	214700	27000192002132	06-Feb-20
CN212200083	31-Aug-21	9422	Larsen & Toubro Limited	1573070	27000202100174	30-May-20
CN212200085	09-Sep-21	9573	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd	123639	27000202101842	13-Jan-21
CN212200086	09-Sep-21	9573	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd	114807	27000202101843	13-Jan-21
CN212200087	09-Sep-21	9573	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd	114807	27000202101916	29-Jan-21
CN212200088	09-Sep-21	9573	Bharat Petroleum Corporation Ltd	119223	27000202101878	22-Jan-21

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CN212200094	30-Sep-21	9410	Engineers India Limited	663720.12	27115181900001	11-Apr-18
CN212200104	30-Sep-21	9568	Afcons Infrastructure Limited	21171	27000202101053	05-Oct-20
CN212200105	30-Sep-21	9308	Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd	799200	27000202101500	20-Nov-20
CN212200106	30-Sep-21	9604	Tecnimont Pvt Ltd	10000	27000202102174	10-Mar-21
CN212200107	30-Sep-21	9080	Oil & Natural Gas Corp. Ltd	719211	27000202100694	31-Aug-20
CN212200108	30-Sep-21	9092	Oil & Natural Gas Corp. Ltd	3662	27052202100167	21-May-20
CN212200111	30-Sep-21	9302	Bekem Infra Projects Private Limited	27000	27000202102271	20-Mar-21
CN212200112	30-Sep-21	9463	Jasco Pump Pvt Ltd	19149	27000202100788	09-Sep-20
CN212200113	30-Sep-21	9463	Mana Techno Corporation	12425	27000202101188	12-Oct-20
CN212200114	30-Sep-21	9463	Anand Enterprise	8449	27000202101191	12-Oct-20
CN212200115	30-Sep-21	9599	Special Protection Group (Cabinet Secretariat)	3256371	27000202102151	01-Mar-21
CN212200116	30-Sep-21	9601	Sardar Sarovar Narmada Nigam Ltd	781857	27000202102039	24-Feb-21
CN212200117	30-Sep-21	9422	Modern Power Services	3137	27000202101638	17-Dec-20
CN212200118	30-Sep-21	9530	Vedanta Limited	246889	27000202100300	29-Jun-20
CN212200119	30-Sep-21	9596	Paramount Limited	113184	27000202101810	13-Jan-21

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Total				14390767.88		
CN212200224	28.03.202 2	9442	Petronet Limited	224000	27024192001803	31-Dec-19
CN212200211	28-Feb-22	9432	Surat Municipal Corporation Gujarat State	40577	270001819E142 4	10/12/2018
CN212200195	27-Jan-22	9308	PANCHVAT I VALVES & FLANGES PVT.LTD	24000	27000192001554	30-Nov-19
CN212200191	11-Jan-22	9548	Engineers India Limited	453493.43	27000202102088	26-Feb-21
CN212200164	25-Nov-21	9422	Rajkamal Builder Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	661954	27000181902280	28-Mar-19
CN212200137	30-Sep-21	9614	GSPL India Gasnet Ltd	396000	27000202100351	06-Jul-20
CN212200134	30-Sep-21	9589	GSPL India Transco Limited	149999.98	27000202101397	31-Oct-20
CN212200133	30-Sep-21	9613	Mumbai Railway Vikas Corporation Ltd	189005	27000202101011	30-Sep-20
CN212200122	30-Sep-21	9592	Engineers India Limited	79375	27000202102120	26-Feb-21
CN212200121	30-Sep-21	9475C	TamilNadu Energy Development Agency	738344	27000202100950	27-Sep-20



Annexure to Report on Corporate Governance

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS UNDER GUIDELINES ISSUED BY MINISTRY OF HEAVY INDUSTRIES AND PUBLIC ENTERPRISES

To,

The Members of

Certification Engineers International Limited

- This certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter with the company.
- 2. This report contains details of compliance of conditions of corporate governance by Certification Engineers International Ltd. ('the company') for the year ended 31st March, 2022 as stipulated in guidelines vide O.M No. 18(8)/2005-GM dated 14.05.2010 of the Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, DPE, Government of India.

Management's Responsibility for Compliance with the Conditions of Corporate Governance

3. The compliance with the terms and conditions for corporate governance contained in the aforesaid guidelines of the ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, DPE, Government of India is the responsibility of the management of the company including the preparation and maintenance of all relevant supporting records and documents.

Auditor's Responsibility

- 4. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of corporate governance mentioned in the aforesaid guidelines. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the company.
- Pursuant to the requirements of the aforesaid guidelines issued by the Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, it is our responsibility to provide a reasonable

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- assurance as to whether the company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the aforesaid guidelines for the year 31st March 2022.
- 6. We conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance note on reports or Certificates for special Purposes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). The guidance note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the code of ethics issued by the ICAI.
- 7. We have compiled with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for firms that perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Relevant Services Engagements.

Qualified Opinion

- 8. In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, subject to qualifications mentioned below we certify that the company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the above- mentioned guidelines vide O.M No. 18(8)/2005-GM dated 14.05.2010 of the Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, DPE, Government of India except with:
 - As per sub clause 3.1.1 of clause 3 of Chapter-3 of Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises 2010, issued vide O.M. No. 18(8) /2005-GM dated 14.05.2010 of Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, DPE, Govt. of India, (DPE Guidelines) there should be optimum combination of Functional, Non Functional Directors in the Board of the Company. In this regard, Sub clause 3.1.1 of clause 3 of Chapter-3 of Guidelines of above Guidelines is reproduced as under: Clause 3.1.1 of DPE Guidelines

"The Board of Directors of the company shall have an optimum combination of Functional, Nominee and Independent Directors."



As there was no functional Director exists in the Board of the Company during the FY 2021.-22, hence there emerges out the non-compliance of the above provision of DPE Guidelines.

 As per sub clause of 3.1.4 of clause 3 of Chapter-3 of above Guidelines, in case of a CPSE not listed on Stock Exchange, at least one-third of the Board Members should be Independent Directors. With reference to above, sub clause 3.1.4 of clause 3 of Chapter-3 of above Guidelines states as under:

Clause 3.1.4 of DPE Guidelines:

"In case of a CPSE listed on the Stock Exchanges and whose Board of Directors is headed by an Executive Chairman, the number of Independent Directors shall be at least 50% of Board Members; and in case of all other CPSEs (i.e. listed on Stock Exchange but without an Executive Chairman, or not listed CPSEs), at least one-third of the Board Members should be Independent Directors."

There were two independent directors namely Mr. O.P Mishra and Ms. Anita Singh existed at the beginning of the financial year in the Board of Company, However Mr. O.P Mishra has ceased to be director w.e.f 24.07.2021..Therefore there was only one independent director, Ms. Anita Singh exist in the Company during the period from 24.07.2021 to 31.03.2022. The Company has failed to fill up the requisite position of Independent Director despite follow up with the Ministry concerned and as such it remained non-complied with respect to default period as mentioned herein-above

 The Audit Committee of the Company was not properly constituted as per provisions of DPE Guidelines. With reference to constitution of Audit Committee, Clause 4.1 of Chapter-4 of above Guidelines, states as under: Clause 4.1.1 of DPE Guidelines



The Audit Committee shall have minimum three Directors as members.

Two-thirds of the members of audit committee shall be Independent Directors.

There was only one independent director, Ms. Anita Singh exists in the Audit Committee of the Company during the period from 24.07.2021 to 31.03.2022. The Company remained non -complied with respect to the default period mentioned in question.

The meetings of the Audit Committee were not held as per DPE Guidelines.
 In this regard, Clause of 4.4 of clause 4 of DPE Guidelines, provides as under:

Clause 4.4 of DPE Guidelines

"4.4: The Audit Committee should meet at least four times in a year and not more than four months shall elapse between two meetings. The quorum shall be either two members or one third of the members of the Audit Committee whichever is greater, but a minimum of two independent members must be present."

However instead of four only two meetings on 01.06.2021 and on 28.01.2022 were held during the F.Y 2021-22

- As per sub clause of 7.1.1 of clause 7 of DPE Guidelines, summary of related party transaction shall be placed periodically before the Audit Committee. However no disclosure was made in neither in the meeting of Board of Directors nor in the meeting of Audit Committee with respect to related party transactions.
- We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Restriction on use

10. The certificate is addressed and provided to the members of the company solely for the purpose to enable the company to comply with the requirement of guidelines vide O.M No. 18(8)/2005-GM dated 14.05.2010 of the Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises, DPE, Government of India, and it should not be used by any other person or for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For S.B.G. & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 001818N

(CA-S.B. Gupta)

Partner

M. No.: 089415

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 25/05/2022

WOIN: 22089415AJRZYL6877

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Certification Engineers International Limited Balance Sheet As At 31 March 2022

					(Fin Lakhs
PARTICULARS			Note No.	AS AT 31 March 2022	AS AT 31 March 2021
ASSETS					Mary Commence of the Commence of the
Non-Current Assets				0.2040	22.02
Property, Plant and Equipment			4	25.42	32.32
Right of Use Assets			4 A	231.66	213.01
Other Intangible Assets			5	1.74	1.31
Financial Assets					
Other Financial Assets			6 A	20.15	46.80
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)			7	264.09	253.19
Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)			8	250.73	261.22
Other Non-Current Assets			9 A	1.15	1.01
Total Non-Current Assets				794,94	808.86
Current Assets	422				
Inventories			10	5.85	6.50
Financial Assets					
Trade Receivables			11	1,527.64	1,651.57
Cash and Cash Equivalents			12	315.91	122.18
Other Bunk Balances			13	5,951-54	6,183.18
Other Financial Assets			6 B	1,017.05	951.77
Other Current Assets			9 B	74.34	85.57
Total Current Assets			550,000	8,892.33	9,000.77
				9,687.27	9,809.63
Total Assets				2,001.22	- Apresias
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity			14	900.00	900.00
Equity Share Capital			15	7,030.16	7,167.27
Other Bquity	鉄		1.09.1	7,930.16	8,067.27
Total Equity				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Syruttas
Non-Current Liabilities					
Financial Liabilities			4 A	24.45	33.72
Lease Liabilities				0.15	33.00
Other Financial Liabilities			/ 16 A		
Other Non-Corrent Liabilities			17 A	0.02	0.85
Long Term Provisions			18 A	761.06	, 654.70
Total Non-Current Liabilities				785.68	722.27
Current Liabilities		20			
Financial Liabilities					YEAR
Lease Liabilities			4 A	34.57	0.76
Trade Payables			19		
Total outstuding dues of Micro Enterprises and small enterprises				59.62	91.21
Total outstuding dues of creditors other than Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises				195,55	133.69
Other Financial Liabilities			16 B	227.39	187.95
Other Current Liabilities			17 B	302.35	389.08
Short Term Provisions			18 B	110.74	34.53
			20	41.21	182.87
Corrent Tax Labilities (Net)			20	971.43	1,020.09
Total Current Liabilities				9,687.27	9,809.63
Total Equity and Liabilities				23001151	29,502,100

Summary of significant accounting policies and accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For and on behalf of Certification Engineers International Limited

1 to 52

For S.B.C & Company Firm Regn. N V818160

CA S.D. GUPTA Partner Membership No. 089415

FRN No. 001818N

(J. TOTLANI) Company Secretary PAN: BGIPK9258H

(BASANT E DAS) Chief Fanancial Officer PAN: AEUPD5295E

(GSURESH)

Chief Executive Officer PAN: AGLPS8759H

(SANJAY JINDAL) Director DIN: 09223617

(VARTIKA SHUKLA) Chairman DIN: 08777885

Place : New Delhi Date : May 25 , 2022

UDIN: 22089415AJRZYL6877

Statement Of Profit And Loss For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

			(₹ In Lakha)
PARTICULARS	Note No.	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
REVENUE	8/57/5/5/7/	÷.	
Income From Services	21	4,624.50	4,911.00
Other Income	22	366.14	397.69
Total Income		4,990.64	5,308.69
EXPENSES			
Manpower Services	23	836.70	650.76
Employee Benefits Expenses	24	2,031,65	2,209.77
Finance Costs	25	10.54	269
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	26	43.79	22.24
Other Expenses			
Facilities Costs	27 A	206.21	213.85
Corporate Costs	27 B	60.22	62.78
Other Costs	27 C	676.37	644.45
Total Expenses		3,865.48	3,806.54
Profit Before Tax		1,125.16	1,502.15
Tax Expense			5000000
Current Tax	28	322.22	379.70
Earlier years tax adjustments (ner)		7.47	
Deferred Tax		(15.81)	(0.14)
Profit For The Year		811,28	1,122.59
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss	+1		
Re-measurement gains (losses) on defined		19,52	15.00
benefit plans. Income tax relating to items that will not be:		(4.91)	(3.78)
reclassified to profit and loss		(4.21)	(2.10)
Total Comprehensive Income For The Year		825,89	1,133.81
	11.		
Earnings Per Equity Share (Face Value ₹ 100 Per Share)	29		
Basic (₹)		90.14	124.73
Diluted (₹)		90.14	124.73
Susmmary of significant accounting policies and accompanying notes form an		5	
integral part of these financial statements	1 to 52		

This is the statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date.

For S.B.G & Chartered Ap Firm Rega. No .001818N

CA S.B.GLPIA Parmer Membership No. 089415 FRN No. 001818N

Place: New Delhi Date: May 25, 2022

For and on behalf of Certification Engineers International Limited

Company Secretary

(BASANT K DAS) Chief Financial Officer PAN: BGIPK925811 PAN: AEUPD5295E

(G.SURESH) Chief Executive Officer PAN: AGLPS8759H

ANJAY JINDAL) DIN: 09223617

Chainman DIN: 08777885

UDIN: 22089415AJRZY6877

Statement Of Changes In Equity As At 31st March'2022

Equity Share Capital* Particulars	Opening Balance As As 1 April 2020	Changes in Equity Share Capital During The Year (Issue of Bonus Shares)	During The Vent	Balunice As At 31 March 2021	Changes in Equity Share Capital During The Year	Redemption Of Equity Share Capital During The Year	(₹ In Lakhs Balance As At 3 March 2022
Equity Share Capital	900.03	NS NS	7.5	900.00			900,00

Description	Res	erves And Surph	us	Other Comprehensive Income	202
Description	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	CSR Activity Reserve	Remeasurement Of Defined Benefit Plans (Net of Taxes)	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2020	6,268.87	665.77	48.62	(22.80)	6,960.46
Profit for the year		1,122,59	- 10		1,122.59
Other comprehensive income	-			11.22	11.22
Dividend (including tax impact)		(927-00)		\$	(927.00)
Transfer from statement of profit and loss		8	W 5		
Bonus issue of shares Transfer from resained earnings	215.77	(245.87)	30.10		0.00
Transfer to retained earnings	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	5.20	(5.20):		15128
Balance as at 31 March 2021	6,484.64	620.69	73.52	(11.58)	7,167.27
Profit for the year		811.28	53	8:	811.28
Other comprehensive income		255	50	14.61	14.61
Dividend	1.9	(963.00)	20	- 1	- (963.00)
Transfer from retained extrings	197.69	(225.83)	28.14		0.00
Fransfer so retained earnings		84.56	(84.56)		
Balance as at 31 Murch 2022	6,682.33	327.70	17.10	3.03	7,030.16

^{*}Refer note 14 for details

For SD:G & Company Chartered Accountants o. 001818N Firm Regn.

Partner Membership No. 089415 FRN No. 001818N

Place: New Delhi Date: May 25, 2022

For and on behalf of Certification Engineers International Limited

(J. TOTLANI)

Сопрану Бесполу PAN : BGJPK9258H (BASANT & DAS) (G.SURESH)

Chief Financial Offices Chief Establishe Offices PAN: ABUDD5295R, PAN: AGLP58759H

HAY JINDAL) (VARTIKA SHUKLA)

Director DIN : 09223617

. Chauman DIN . 08777883

UDIN: 22089415AJRZYL6877

Deihi

^{*}Refer note 15 for details

Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

PARTICULARS	31 March 2022	(₹ In Lakhs) 31 March 2021
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit Before Tax	1,125.16	1,502.15
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses	43.79	22.24
Provision For Employee Benefits	176.77	54.90
Allowance for expected credit losses - trade receivables and advances (net)	(114.40)	(55.82)
Provision for corporate social responsibility	25.32	(31.00)
Interest Income and Amortised Income On Security Deposit	(366.14)	(393.92)
Interest Expense	10.54	2.69
Capital (Gain) / Loss On Sale Of Mutual Funds		(3.77)
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	901.04	1,097.47
Movement In Working Capital		
Decrease/(Increase). In Trade Receivables	238.33	338.81
Decrease/(increase) In Inventories	0.65	2.31
Decrease/(Increase) In Other Current and Non-Current Assets	(6.05)	(16.47)
Decrease/(Increase) In Other Current Financial Assets	(42.85)	(211.02)
(Decrease)/Increase In Other Current and Non-Current Liabilities	(87.56)	54.24
(Decrease)/Increase in Other Current Financial and Non-Financial Liabilities	56,86	33.72
Cash Flow From Operating Activities Post Working Capital Changes	1,040.44	1,299.06
Income Tax Paid (Net)	(460.86)	(162.03)
Ner Cash Flow From Operating Activities (A)	579.58	1,137.03
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING B ACTIVITIES		
Purchase Of Property, Plants, Equipements and Intangible Assets (Net)	(8.05)	(17.94)
Movement In Current Investments (Net)		206.27
Fixed Deposit placed with banks having original maturity of more than three months	(6,286.00)	(6,531.33)
Fixed Deposit with banks manured having original maturity of more than three months	6,483.86	5,727.97
Interest Received	418.69	404.84
Net Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities (B)	- 608.50	(210.19)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING C ACTIVITIES		
Dividend Paid	(963.00)	(927.00)
Interest Paid	(4.07)	V-1334)
Payment of Lease Liabilities	(27.28)	(4.99)
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities (C)	(994.35)	(931.99)
Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	193.73	(5.15)
Cash And Cash Equivalents At The Begining Of The Year	122.18	127.33
Cash And Cash Equivalents At The Bud Of The Year	315.91	122.18

This is the cash flow statement as referred to in our report of even date.

For \$.B.G & Company Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 001818N

CA.S.B. GUPTA

Partner Membership No. 089415

FRN No. 001818N

Place: New Delhi Date: May 25, 2022 For and on behalf of Certification Engineers International Limited

(J. TOTLANI)

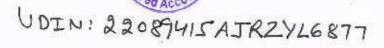
(BASANT K DAS) Company Secretary Chief Parancial Officer PAN : BGIPK9258H PAN : AFL(PI)5295E Chief Financial Officer (G.SURESH)

Chief Executive Officer PAN: AGLPS8759H

(SANJAY JINDAL) Director DIN: 09223617

(VARTIKA SHUKLA) Chairman

DIN: 08777885



1. NATURE OF PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Certification Engineers International Limited and (referred to as "CEIL" or "the Company") is a Government of India Enterprise a wholly owned subsidiary Company of Engineers India Limited. The Company undertakes certification, recertification, third party inspection, safety audits for offshore and onshore oil and gas facilities and other quality sensitive sectors of the industry. The Company is domiciled in India has its registered office situated at 1 Bhikaji Cama Place, New Delhi 110066.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ('Ind AS') issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the period presented.

The financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2022 were authorized and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th May'2022.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. ACCOUNTING CONCEPTS

The financial statements have been prepared using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarised below. The accounts are prepared on historical cost concept based on accrual method of accounting as a going concern.

B. REVENUE RECOGNTION

REVENUE RECOGNTION

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the company expects to receive in exchange for those services. The services performed by the company fall into the criteria of the transfer of control over a period of time and as such company satisfy the performance obligation and revenue over a period of time.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for variable considerations, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes taxes collected from customers.

Arrangements with customers are either on a cost plus/ rate basis jobs, lump sum contracts and percentage fee

Revenue from services is accounted as follows:

- In the case of cost plus/rate basis jobs, on the basis of amount billable under the contracts
- In the case of lump-sum contracts, as proportion of actual direct costs of the work performed to latest estimated total direct cost of the work performed i.e. percentage completion method.
- In case of contracts providing for a percentage fees on equipment/material value/project cost, on the basis of physical progress as certified up to the closing date of accounting year

Contract modifications are accounted for when additions, deletions or changes are approved either to the contract scope or contract price. The accounting for modifications of contracts involves assessing whether the services added to an existing contract are distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catch up basis, while those that are distinct are accounted for prospectively, either as a separate contract, if the additional services are priced at the standalone selling price, or as a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at the standalone selling price.



Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Other claims including interest on outstanding are accounted for when there is probability of ultimate collection.

WORK-IN-PROGRESS

a) Cost of jobs are carried forward as Work-in-Progress for which:

- i. The terms of remuneration receivable by the company have not been settled and/or scope of work has not been clearly defined and therefore, it is not possible in the absence of settled terms to determine whether there is a profit/(loss) on such jobs. However, in cases where minimum undisputed terms have been agreed to by the clients, income has been accounted for on the basis of such undisputed terms though the final terms are still to be settled.
- ii. The terms have been agreed to at lump sum basis but the physical progress is less than 25% of the job.

b) Work-in-Progress is valued at direct cost

C. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Recognition

Intangible assets (softwares) are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement (amortisation)

The cost of capitalized software is amortized over a period of three years from the date of its acquisition.

D. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Recognition

Properties plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. The cost of any software purchased initially along with the computer hardware is being capitalized along with the cost of the hardware. Any subsequent acquisition/up-gradation of software is being capitalized as an intangible asset.

Whenever any new office space is acquired and partitions/fixtures and fittings are provided to make it suitable for use, the expenditure on the same is capitalized and depreciation is charged.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is charged on straight line method either on the basis of rates arrived at with reference to the useful life of the assets evaluated by the Committee consisting of Technical experts and approved by the Management or rates arrived at based on useful life prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, whichever is higher.

Premium paid on leasehold property where lease agreements have been executed for specified period are written off over the period of lease proportionately.

100% depreciation is provided on library books in the year of purchase.

Property, plant and equipment individually costing less than INR 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

E. FOREIGN CURRENCY

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the functional currency of the Company.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at average monthly rates based on market rates for preceding month.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are retranslated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Nonmonetary items which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, or on reporting such monetary items of Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

F. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Impairment of cash generating assets are reviewed for impairment whenever an event or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of assets. If it is found that some of the impairment losses already recognized needs to be reversed the same are recognized in the statement of Profit & Loss Account in the year of reversal.

G. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset is also adjusted.

Subsequent measurement



- Debt instruments at amortised cost—A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
 - The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
 - Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments
 of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

 Mutual funds – All mutual funds in scope of TndAS 109 Financial Instruments' ('Ind AS 109') are measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. This category generally applies to long-term payables and deposits.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

H. IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider —



- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the
 assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

As a practical expedient the Company has adopted 'simplified approach' using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on historical default rates observed over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. Further receivables are segmented for this analysis where the credit risk characteristics of the receivable are similar.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

I. PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

The provision for estimated liabilities on account of guarantees and warranties etc. in respect of lump sum services and turnkey contracts awarded to the Company are being made on the basis of management's assessment of risk and consequential probable liabilities on each such jobs.

Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote. Contingent assets are disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

INVENTORIES

Inventories in respect of stores, spares and chemicals etc. are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value

Cost includes the cost of purchase (discounted to their present values, if the time value of money is material) and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on "First In, First Out" basis

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale

K. INCOME TAXES

Tax expense recognized in statement of profit and loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax except the ones recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Calculation of current tax is based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted for the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either



in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised in full for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Company's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity).

L. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits i.e. balances held with banks in current accounts for unrestrictive use. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. The Company considers unrestrictive time deposits with banks having an original maturity of three months or less as cash equivalent.

M. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND SHORT-TERM EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined benefit plans

Under the defined benefit plans, the amount that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service and final salary. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the Company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside. Plan assets may include assets specifically designated to a long-term benefit fund as well as qualifying insurance policies. Defined benefit plans include gratuity, post-retirement medical benefit and other retirement benefit plans.

The liability recognised in the statement of financial position for defined benefit plans is the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets.

Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

Other long-term benefits

The liabilities for leave (earned and Half Pay Leave) are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. The liability is recognised in the statement of financial position basis the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees upto the end of reporting period (using the projected unit credit method) less the fair value of plan assets.

Liability in respect of long-service awards is recognised in the statement of financial position basis the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees upto the end of reporting period (using the projected unit credit method.

Short-term employee benefits

Short term benefits comprise of employee costs such as salaries, bonus etc. accrued in the year in which the associated service are rendered by employees.

Defined contribution plans



Contributions with respect to provident fund& National Pension System (NPS), defined contribution plans, are deposited to Regional Provident Fund Commissioner& Stock Holding Corporation India Ltd (POP). The Company's contributions to these plans are recognised as expense in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Other benefits

Voluntary retirement expenses are charged to statement of profit and loss in the year of its incurrence.

N. LEASES

Company as a lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term. ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonable certain that they will be exercised.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset except for perpetual lease. Right of use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows

Company as a lessor

Operating lease

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Assets leased out under operating leases are capitalized.

When the Company is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub lease separately. The sublease is classified as a finance lease or operating lease by reference to the right of use asset arising from the head lease.

Rental income is recognized on straight line basis over the lease term except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Company with expected inflationary costs.

O. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022, applicable from April 1st, 2022, as below:

Ind AS 16 - Proceeds before intended use

The amendments mainly prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, an entity will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The Company does not expect the amendments to have any impact in its recognition of its property, plant and equipment in its financial statements.

Ind AS 37-Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour, materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts. The amendment is essentially a clarification and the Company does not expect the amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

P. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic carnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Q. SIGNIFICANT MANAGEMENT JUDGEMENT IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Significant management judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Revenue – For Lump-sum Contracts the Company recognises revenue using the percentage completion method. Use of the percentage completion method requires the company to estimate the cost incurred relative to total expected cost to the satisfaction of performance obligation. This requires estimates to be made of the outcomes of long-term contracts, which require assessments and judgements to be made on changes in work scopes, balance efforts, cost and time to complete the contract including probability of levy for liquidated damages and price reduction for delay to the extent they are probable and they are capable of being reliably measured. Cost and time incurred have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and satisfaction of performance obligation.



Recognition of deferred tax assets—'The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Estimation uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may be substantially different.

Recoverability of advances/receivables - At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO)— Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Provisions – At each balance sheet date, based on the management judgment, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding warranties and guarantees. However the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

(This space has been intentionally lest blank)



Certification Engineers International Limited

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

Note - 4 Property, Plant And Equipment

							(* In Lakhs)
Particulars	Vehicles	Office Equipments	Air Conditioner	Computer Hardware	Furniture And Fixtures	Library Books	Total
Gross carrying amount							
Balance as at 31 March 2020	3,24	7.83	86.9	45.38	23,71	98'0	89.60
Additions		0.73	0.64	14,01	1.26		16.64
Disposals/assets written off		100					
Balance as at 31 March 2021	3.24	8.55	7.62	59,40	26.97	0.46	106.24
Additions		212	1.10	2.63	0.99		6.85
Disposals/assets written off	NOTES THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLU						
Balance as at 31 March 2022	3.24	10.68	8.72	62.03	27.96	0.46	113.09
Accumulated Depreciation	The second second						22 TH 12
Balance as at 31 March 2020	2.97	5.39	5.80	28.90	17.21	0.46	60.73
Change For The Year	90'0	0.88	500	10.10	2.08	Žas.	13.19
Adjustments For Disposals	Company of the Compan		THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN				
Balance as at 31 March 2021	3.03	6.27 -	5.87	39.00	19.29	0.46	73.92
Charge For The Year	96	0.88	010	11.14	167	.0	13.75
Adjustments For Disposals			197	200			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	3.03	7.15	6.03	50.14	20.86	0.46	87.67
Net Book Value as at 31 March 2021	0.21	2,28	1.75	20.40	7.68	00'0	32,32
Net Book Value as at 31 March 2022	0.21	3.53	. 576	11.89	7.10	0.00	25.42

(i) Contractual obligations

Refer to note 35(s) for disclosure of contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

Note - 4 A

Right of Use Assets

Leases :- Company as a lessee

The Company's lease assets primarily consist of leases of office premises/residential premises. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to contract the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which σ is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases.

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Leaseho	4		
	Office*	Site Transit Accomodations	Computer Hardware	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2020	182.71			182.71
Additions	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	38.72	-	38.72
Depreciation	(3.87)	(4.55)		- 8,42
Balance as at 31 March 2021	178.84	34.17		213.01
Additions		44.70	3.22	47.92
Depreciation	(3.87)	(25.12)	(0.28)	(29.27)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	174.97	53.75	2.94	231.66

The aggregate depreciation expense on ROU assets is included under depreciation and amortization expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Current lease liabilities	34.57	0.76
Non-Current lease liabilities	24.45	33.72
Total	59.02	34.48

The following is the movement in lease liabilities:

(* In Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Balance at the beginning	34.48		
Additions	47.92	- 38.72	
Finance cost accrued during the year	3.90	0.75	
Payment of lease liabilities	27.28	4.99	
Balance at the end	59.02	34.48	

The detail regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on undiscounted basis is as follows:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Less than one year	37.58	18.74	
One year to two years	18.28	16.50	
More than two years	7.60	1.88	
Total	63.46	37.12	

The Company does not face a significantly isquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets (including cush and bank balances) are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

During the year Company recognised as operating expenses of ₹ 77.21 Likhs (previous year ₹ 96.15 Likhs) towards short term leaves for certain office/residential premises.

The following is the discount rate considered in ROU asset calculation :

Particulars	Discount	rate
	2021-22	2020-21
Quarter 1	7.05%	7.50%
Quarter 2	7.05%	7.10%
Quarter 3	7.05%	7.10%
Quarter 4	7.05%	7.05%



^{*}Acquired from CIDCO Limited on 60 years lease basis.

Certification Engineers International Limited Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

Note	- 5	
Othe	Intangible Ass	et
× 1		

400		-	aro are c	13
13	In	La	kh	S

Other Intangible Assets		(₹ In Lakhs)	
Particulars	Computer Software	Total	
Gross carrying amount			
Balance as at 31 March 2020	4.08	4.08	
Additions	1.30	1.30	
Disposals/Assets Written Off	9 4 0		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	5.38	5.38	
Additions	1.20	1.20	
Disposals/Assets Written Off			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6.58	6.58	
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance as at 31 March 2020	3.44	3.44	
Amortisation Charge For The Year	0.63	0.63	
Adjustments For Disposals		<u> 2</u>	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	4.07	4.07	
Amortisation Charge For The Year	0.77	0.77	
Adjustments For Disposals		\$4000000	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	4.84	4.84	
Net Book Value as at 31 March 2021	1.31	1.31	
	1.74		



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

						31 March 2022	(₹ In Lakt 31 March 2021
han c							
Note - 6 Other Financial Assets - Non-Current							
Security Deposit						20.15	45.
Term Deposits With Maturity Exceeding One Yea	r*						1.
8 S ye CAN 2019 #2 (2015-4 (in 2019) 90C) 88 ye CC 14 (index on John CV 900) 50 (in 2019) 90C						20.15	46.
*Includes bank deposits held under lies against bank guarante	es of \$ 0.00 Lak	ės (previous year 31 Ma	rch 2021 : ₹ 1.56	(دانغضا			
The above also includes interest acrossed on bank deposits of \mathcal{T}	Nil (previous ye	ar 31 March 2021 🔻 🕻	1.09 lakks)			(2)	
Other Financial Assets - Current				20			
Unsecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise S	Stated					DI SYTHEN	
Security Deposit			29			389.89	343
Unbilled Income						627.16	600
Work In Progress*						1,017.05	7 951
%As taken, valued and certified by Management						Ayvarios	751
Note - 7							
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)		300					
Deferred Tax Assets Arising On:							
Employee Benefits:		3.0				±1	
Provision for leave encashment						209.93	167.
Provision for long service awards Provision for employee related expenses allowed						6.34	6
on payment basis						.**	22
Provision for doubtful receivables and advances						77.15	105
Others:							50%
Amortised cost financial instruments						0.35	0
Deferred Tax Liabilities Arising On:						(24.45)	***
Depreciation Provision for gratuity						(26.45)	(26
Provision for gratuity						264.09	253
							021604050
Movement In Deferred Tax Assets And Liabilities	1						(₹ In Laki
-			December		Recognised		
an movelet		Recognised In	Recognised In Statement		In Other	Recognised In	122325013501
Particulars	31-Mar-20	Other Compre- hensive Income	Of Profit	31-Mar-21	Compre- hensive	Statement Of Profit And Loss	31-Mar-22
			And Loss		120 MARK SECTION 1	LIOUIT MINU LOSS	
		nensive income	And Loss		Income		
- W		neisive incluse	And Loss		Income		8 %
	163.65			174/11		4717	
Employee Benefits	163.65	. (3.78)	14.14	174.01 105.94	(4.91)	47.17 (28.79)	216.
	163.65 119.99 (0.93)			174.01 105.94 0.03	(4.91)	47.17 (28.79) 0.32	216. 77.
Employre Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others	119.99	. (5.78)	14.14 (14.05)	305.94 0.03	(4.91)	(28.79)	216. 77.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others	119.99	. (5.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36)	105.94 0.03 (26.24)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21)	216. 77 0 (26
Employre Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Jabilities	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68)	216. 77. 0. (26.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation	(0.93) (25.88)	. (5.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36)	105.94 0.03 (26.24)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21)	216. 77. 0. (26.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68)	216. 77. 0 (26.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Liabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net)	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68)	216. 77. 0. (26.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Jabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) Advance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264.)
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Jabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jote - 8 Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) divance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31)	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68)	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264.)
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others inhilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jote - 8 Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) dvance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 fasch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50)	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others inhilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) dvance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 latch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50)	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81	216. 77. 0 (26. (3. 264.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jote - 8 Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) dvance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) dvance Fringe Benefit Tax	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81	216. 77. 0. (26. (3. 264
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Jabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) divance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) divance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264. 11. (11.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Jabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jote - 8 Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) divance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) divance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses Jote - 9	(0.93) (25.88)	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264. 11. (11.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others isabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) idvance Incurre Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021 : ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) idvance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses Note - 9 Other Non-Current Assets	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264. 11. (11.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) divance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) divance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses Note • 9 The Non-Current Assets Insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise St	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 264.)
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jote - 8 Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) dvance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) dvance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses Jote - 9 Ther Non-Current Assets	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83	216. 77. 0. (26. (3. 264. 11. (11. 261. 11.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others isabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) idvance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) idvance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses lote - 9 ther Non-Current Assets insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise September 1999 Prepaid Expenses	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73	216. 77. 0 (26 (3 261. 11. (11. 261. 1.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Jote - 8 Jon-Current Tax Assets (Net) desance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 fatch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) devance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses Jote - 9 The Non-Current Assets Insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Stepped Expenses Ther Current Assets	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73	216. 77. 0. (26. (3. 264. 11. (11. 261. 11.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others iabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) idvance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 farch 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) idvance Fringe Benefit Tax ess: Allowance for expected credit losses lote - 9 when Non-Current Assets insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Stepher Current Assets wher Current Assets insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Stepher Current Assets	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) 0.32 (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73	216. 77. 0, (26. (3. 261. 11. (11. 261. 1). 1.
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Liabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) Advance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation mounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 March 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) Advance Fringe Benefit Tax Less: Allowance for expected credit losses Note - 9 Other Non-Current Assets Dissecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Ste Prepaid Expenses Other Current Assets	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73	216.2 77.1 0 (26.4 (3 261.4 11.8 (11.8 261.2
Trade Receivables & Advances Others Liabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) Advance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation amounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 March 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50) Advance Fringe Benefit Tax Less: Allowance for expected credit losses Note - 9 Other Non-Current Assets Dissecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Stepped Expenses Other Current Assets Insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Stepped Balance With Government Authorities	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) (0.21) (2.68) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73	216.2 77.1 0.3 (26.4.6 (3.4) 261.2 11.8 (11.8 261.2
Employee Benefits Trade Receivables & Advances Others Liabilities Depreciation Employee Benefits Note - 8 Non-Current Tax Assets (Net) Advance Income Tax (net of provision for taxation amounting to ₹ 1924.28 Lakhs) (previous year 31 March 2021: ₹ ₹ 1952.16 Lakhs) (Refer note 50). Advance Fringe Benefit Tax Less: Allowance for expected credit losses Note - 9 Other Non-Current Assets Unsecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Set Prepaid Expenses Other Current Assets Insecured, Considered Good Unless Otherwise Set Balance With Government Authorities Prepaid Expenses	119.99 (0.93) (25.88) - 256.83	(3.78)	14.14 (14.05) 0.96 (9.36) (0.55)	105.94 0.03 (26.24) (0.55)	(4.91)	(28.79) (0.21) (2.68) 15.81 250.73 11.83 (11.83) 250.73 1.15 1.15	216.2 77.3 0.3 (26.4.6 (3.3. 264.6 11.8 (11.8 261.2

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

		31 March 2022	(₹ In Lakhs) 31 March 2021
Note - 10			
Inventories (Lower Of Cost Or Net Realizable Value)			VAN 2000
Stores, Spares And Chemicals In Hand		5.85	6,50
		5.85	6.50
70.		10	
Note - 11			
Trade Receivables			
Trade Receivable (Unsecured)			
Considered Good		1,527.64	1,651.57
Considered Doubtful (Credit Impaired)	199	294.71	409.11
		1,822.35	2,060.68
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses		(294.71)	(409.11)
		1,527.64	1,651.57

Trade Receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31,2022 and March 31,2021:-

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstandi	Total				
2	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	1,116.25	191.27	61,82	158.29	-	1,527.64
ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	23.16	12.25	24.29	17.67	217.34	294.71
iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good		-	-	-		
iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired			37		*	P*10
Total	1,139.42	203.52	86.11	175.96	217.34	1,822.35
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses						(294.71)
Total						

31 March 2021

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstandi	Total				
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	1,066.47	184.38	241.00	159.72		1,651.57
ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	50.94	37.00	49.57	42.89	228.71	409.11
iii) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good						
iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	El Commence					(4)
Total	1,117.41	221.38	290.57	202.61	228.71	2,060.68
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses						(409.11)
Total	00	7.7		- 20		1,651.57

Note - 12				
Cash And Cash Equivalents				
Balances With Banks In Current Account			275.91	82.13
Bank Deposits having maturity of less than three months*			40.00	40.00
Cash On Hand				0.05
			315.91	122.18
*Includes interest on bank deposits ₹ Nil (previous year 31 March 2021 : ₹	(NII)			
Note - 13				
Other Bank Balances				
Balances with banks in deposits account having				9000487050
maturity of more than three months but are due for		- 104	5,934.42	6,183.18
maturity within twelve months*				
Unspent CSR: Account - Ongoing projects	33		17.12	
			5,951.54	6,183.18

*Includes ₹ Nil (presions year 31 March 2021 : ₹ 0.63 Lakes) hold under lien against bank guarantees.

*Includes interest accound on bank deposits ₹ 209,20 Luklu (previous year 31 Marib 2021 ; ₹ 261.67 laklu)



(This space bas been intentionally left blank)

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	31 March 2	022 31 March 2021
	31 March 2	32.5 31 Branch 2002
Note - 14	Arm	eount Amount
Equity Share Capital	Aus	outs.
Authorsed Share Capital	3.20	0.00 1,200.00
1,230,000 (positions year 31 March 2021 ± 1200,030) sequely shares of par value of ₹ 230 etch		0.00 1,208.00
Issued Share Capital		BOOD SOCIAL
900,000 (previous year 51 March 2021 : 900,000) equaly shares of par value of \$100 each.		0.00 900.00
	90	0.00
Subscribed And Paid Up® 900,000 (previous year 31 March 202) : 900,000) equity shares of par value of ₹ 100 each	Şi.	M,M 900 (II)
Sandamar Apureausus (Press) is a subsequence of a final state of additional content and an extended where is proper in the	911	10.00 900.00
*All shares are held by Holding Company- Engineers India Ltd. and its Nominees		
a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year		Services
Equity Shares	Nun	
Shares Ourstanding At The Regioning Of The Year	900	nyapo spalyhed
Add : Bonus Spares Essued During The Yest	-	A80 808
Shares Outstanding At The End Of The Year	901	0,000 900,000
	9	
b) Details Of Shareholders Holding More Than 5% Equity Shares In The Company		
Name Of Shareholders	Nur	mber Number
Engancers India Limited	90	0,000 \$90,000
Shareholding (%)		100% (09%
SHEET COLUMN TO TO A TO		

c) Disclosure of Shareholding of Promoters

Disclusure of shareholding of promoters as at March 31, 2022 is as follows:-

As At 31 March 2022		reh 2022	As At 31 March 2021		
Prontoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	You fotal shares	"A Change doring the year
Tagancers India Lamited	900,000	100%	900,000	1005%	

Disclosure of shareholding of promoters as at March 31.	As At 31 M	arch 2021		As At 31 March 2020		
Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares		1/4 Change during the year	
Engineers Light Limited	900,000	100%	990,000	100%		

Note - 15 Other Equity

Nature And Purpose Of Other Reserves

The Company is required to create the CSR activity reserve for the allocation of expenses in respect of CSR activities. CSR Activity Reserve represents enspent amount, or of amounts set aside of profit correct in the past years for meeting social obligations as per Department of Public Poterprise guidelines for Corporate Social Responsibility upon J. Y 2003-14-8 provision of Companies Act, 3015 and rules made thermodes from F.Y. 2014-15 onwards.

The Company is required to overe a general reserve out of the pas fits when the Company declares decidend to shareholders

Other Comprchensive Income

Other comprehensive income represents balance ansing on account of re-measurement of defined benefit plans.

Other Financial Liabilities - Non-Corrent Security Deposits And Retentions

	(1)15	32.00
	0.15	33,00
45		
	31.40	26.37
	765.99	161.58

227.39

187.95

(₹ In Lakhs)

B Other Financial Liabilities - Current Security Deposits And References Accrued Employee Benefits



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	31 March 2022	(₹ In Lakhs) 31 Murch 2021
Note - 17		
A Other Non-Current Liabilities	0.02	0.00
Deferred Income	0.02	0,85
B Other Current Liabilities		
Advances Received From Clients	98.00	54-4
Deferred Income	0.96	2 19
Uncarried Income Billed To Clients	26.72	124.69
Service Tax /GST Payable	45.68	7632
Withheading For Income Taxes	19.67	30 (b)
Withholding For Employees Including Employees Contribution	27,86	30 82
Other Liabilities	53,45	68.32
	.302.35	389.08
Note - 18 A Long-Term Provisions Long-Term Provisions Long-Term Benefits		
	7613/6	651.70
323 - 324 - 325 - 50	76L06	654.70
B Short-Term Provisions		
Employees' Post Retirement/Long-Term Benefits	85.12	34.33
Prevision for corporate social responsibility	25.33	MAN U.S
	110.74	34.53
Note = 19		
Trade Payables		
Total outstading dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises (Refer Note, 12)	59.62	91.51
Total outstnding dues of creditors other than Mero		
Enterprises and Small Enterprises	195.55	133,69
20.001.000.000.000.000.000.000.000	2/237	1.2,673

Trade Payables agoing schedule for the year ended as on March 31,2022 and March 31,2021 \approx 31 March 2022

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars		Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Payment			Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	
) MSME	59.63					59.62
ii) Others	187.55	1.06	0.05	2.40	4.46	195.55
iii) Disputed Ducs- MSMF				900110	W/-	
iv) Dispured Dues Others						
Grand Total	247.17	1.06	0.05	2,40	4.49	255.17

31 March 2021

(₹ In Lakha)

Particulars		Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of			
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-5 Years	More than 3 years	
) MSME	91.21				-	000.00
ii) Orhers	127,46	1.75	0.53	3,28	5.68	133.69
iii) Disputed Ducs- MSME						9
iv) Disputed Dues - Others					1.0	
Grand Total	218.67	1.75	0.52	3.28	8.68	224.90

^{*} Trade Payables shown above are not of debit balances.

Note - 20

Current Tax Liabilities (Net)

Provision for taxation (see of advance tax amounting to ₹ 281.52 Lakha (previous year 51 March 2021 : ₹ 196.82 Lakha)

(5)	8 G 8	6
Charlete	Delhi V Accoun) * Sulle

41.21	182.87
41.21	182.52

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	31 March 2022	(₹ In Lakhs 31 March 2021
Note - 21	51 March avas	DI MINICII EVEL
Revenue From Operations*		
Income From Services	4,632.32	4,906.27
	4,632.32	4,906.27
Increase/(Decrease) In Work-In-Progress	N 1977	
Closing Work-In-Progress	##AL	7.82
Less: Opening Work-In-Progress	7.82	3.09
	(7.82)	4.73
32780-7458 702497 06-7828244 A 175-200 September 1	4,624.50	4,911.00
*Excludes Goods and Services Tax (GST)		
Note - 22		
Other Income		
Interest Income		
Bank Deposits	353.80	366.05
Income-Tax Refunds	22	17.07
Financial Assets carried at amortised cost	9.60	8.75
Others - Misc	0.08	0.01
Amortization of Deferred Income	2.66	2.04
Capital Gain On Sale Of Mutual Fund Units		3.77
	366.14	397.69
Note - 23		
Manpower Services		
Manpower Services	836.70	650.76
	836.70	650.76
ESS 789		
Note - 24		
Employee Benefits Expenses	1992722	
Salaries And Allowances	1,824.03	1,994.49
Contribution towards employees pension and provident fund	119.06	123.70
and administration charges thereon		
Contribution towards National Pension System (NPS) and	74.80	71.99
administration charges thereon	20,000	1.044650
a. comple		
ADDITION AND ADDITION ADDITION AND ADDITION	4,06	6.04
Contribution to Granuity Fund (Net of contribution received	9.70	13.55
from others)4-8	2,031.65	2,209.77
**Includes Term Insurance Premium paid to LIC of India.	2,031.03	2,209,11
enturation with a second contract of the contr		
Note - 25	*	30
Finance Cost		
Interest on shortfall in payment of Income Tax	4.07	150
Unwinding of Discount on Security Deposits	2.57	1.94
Interest on Lease Liabilities	3.90	0.75
NAME OF THE PARTY	10.54	2,69
Note - 26		
Depreciation And Amortisation Expenses	V 4.2024	S rungsvan.
Depreciation On Property, Plant And Equipment	13.75	13.19
Depreciation On Right of use assets	29.27	8.42
Amortisation Of Intangible Assets	0,77	0.63
	43.79	22.24



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	31 March 2022	(₹ In Lakhs) 31 March 2021
Note - 27	ST	
Other Expenses		
A Facilities Cost		
Rent - Residential Accommodation (Net of Recovery of ₹		
2.02 lakhs (previous year: ₹ 2.56 lakhs)	22.95	29.79
Rent - Office (Including Amortised Cost)	63,34	77313
Electricity And Water	31.81	29.44
Repairs To Building	2.56	2.35
Other Repairs And Maintenance	76,74	69.47
Hire Charges - Office Equipment	2.06	2.46
Insurance	6.75	3.31
A. A	206.21	213.85
B Corporate Cost	7	
Bank Charges	1.05	1.40
Sitting Fees To Independent Directors	1.65	4,20
Advertisement for tender and recruitment	2.90	2.84
Entertainment	6.11	9.01
Remuneration To Auditors:		
For Audit	3.90	3.90
For Tax Audit	0.60	0.60
Certification	0.11	0.06
Out of Pocket		0.14
Filing Fee	0.01	0.22
Foreign Exchange Difference (Net)	0.97	1.74
Lepid And Professional Charges	11.15	5.84
Licences And Taxes	31.74	32.83
Identes find taxes	60.22	62.78
C. Other Cost		
Travel And Conveyance	617.27	643.92
Printing, Stationery And General Office Supplies	7.17	8.93
Newspapers And Periodicals	=:	0.02
Postage And Telecommunications	18.78	10.14
Courier, Transportation And Handling	1.95	1.61
Allowance for expected credit losses - trade receivables and advances (ner)	(114,40)	(55.82)
Amounts Written Off	38.93	26.69
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure (Refer note 48)	84.56	5.20
Miscellancous Expenses	18.01	2.77
Training Expenses	4.08	0.99
	676.37	644.45



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

	(₹ In Lakhs)
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
322.22	379.70
7.47	9.
(15.81)	(0.14)
313.88	379.56
	322.22 7.47 (15.81)

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.168% and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:

Statement Of Profit And Loss			
Accounting Profit Before Tax		1,125.16	1,502.15
Accounting Profit Before Income Tax		1,125.16	1,502.15
At India's Statutory Income Tax Rate of 25.168 % (31 March 2021 : 25.168%)		283.18	378.06
Adjustments In Respect Of Current Income Tax		00	
Tax expense adjusted in other comprehensive income		12	23
Tax Impact Of Exempted Income		07	
Tax Impact Of Expenses Which Will Never Be Allowed		23.20	2.12
Earlier Years tax adjustments (net)		7.47	V. 17/5
Earlier Years deferred tax adjustments (net)		1000	523
Others	58	0.03	(0.62)
		313.88	379.56

The provision for current income-tax has been worked out taking into consideration the provisions of Income Computation and Disclosure Standards notified by Central Board of Direct Taxes vide Notification No. 87/2016 dated September 29, 2016.

Note - 29

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Earnings per share (EPS) is determined based on the net profit attributable to the shareholders' of the Company. Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Profit Attributable To Equity Shareholders	811.28	1,122.59
Weighted Average Number Of Equity Shares	9,00,000	9,00,000
Nominal Value Per Share (Rs.)	100.00	100.00
Earnings Per Equity Share		
Basic	90.14	124.73
Diluted	90.14	124.73

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Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

Note - 30

Financial asset - fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in the financial statement are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three Levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Note - 31

Financial instruments

Financial instruments by category (₹ In Lakhs)

Pmancial instruments by category	. 31 Mar	ch 2022	31 March 2021	
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised	FVTPL	Amortised
Financial assets				
Trade receivables	2	1,527.64	8	1,651.57
Other financial assets	20	1,037.20	92	996.92
Cash and cash equivalents	28	315.91	100	122.18
Other bank balances	H9	5,951.54	- 34	6,184.83
Security deposits			- 15	
Total financial assets		8,832.29	15	8,955.50
Financial liabilities Trade payables Security deposits and retentions	5	255.17 61.55	10.0	224.90 59.37
Other financial liabilities Lease Labilities	5	165.99 59.02	1	161.58 34.48
Total financial liabilities	3 6	541.73		480,33

(ii) Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

For amortised cost instruments, carrying value represents the best estimate of fair value except for long-term financial assets.

(iii) Risk management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

a) Credit risk management

1) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset Group	Basis Of Categorisation	Provision for Expected Credit Loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss and Life time expected credit loss
Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables	Life time expected credit loss
High credit risk	Trade receivables	Life time expected credit loss or fully provided for

In respect of trade receivables, the company recognises a provision for lifetime expected credit loss.

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in statement of profit and loss

(₹ In Lakhs)

Credit rating	Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances and other financial assets	8,537.58	8,546.39
B: Moderate credit risk	Trade receivable	77.37	180.40
C: High credit risk	Trade receivables	217.34	228.71

ii) Concentration of trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk for trade receivables is as follows -

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Hydrocarbon	779.00	960.50
Infrastructure	759.70	623.88
Railways	170.40	171.88
Others	113.25	304.42
Total	1,822.35	2,060.68

b) Credit risk exposure

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets -

31 March 2022

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	S 9/ 7/2	Expected credit	(< In Lakhs) Carrying amount net of	
rareculare	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	losses	impairment provision	
Cash and eash equivalents	315.91		315.91	
Other bank balances	5,951.54	125	5,951.54	
Loans		5		
Other financial assets	1,037.20	191	1,037.20	

31 March 2021

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	122.18	(4)	122.18
Other bank balances	6,183.18	500 a	6,183.18
Loans			8
Other financial assets	998.57		998.57



Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

(ii) Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

31 March 2022 (₹ In L			(₹ In Lakhs)			
Particulars	0 - 90 Days	90 - 180 Days	180 - 270 Days	270 - 360 Days	360 - 450 Days	450 - 540 Days
Gross carrying value	1,046.40	93.02	162.33	41.19	29.78	23.63
Expected credit loss (provision)	19.93	3.23	1.57	10.68	10.43	9,88
Carrying amount (net of impairment)	1,026.47	89.79	160.76	30.51	19.35	13.75

Particulars	540 - 630	630 - 720 Days	720 - 1095	>1095 days
Gross carrying value	31.27	1.43	175.96	217.34
Expected credit loss (provision)	3.37	0.61	17.67	217.34
Carrying amount (net of impairment)	27.90	0.82	158.29	343

31 March 2021 (₹ In Lak					(₹ In Lakhs)	
Particulars	0 - 90 Days	90 - 180 Days	180 - 270	270 - 360	360 - 450	450 - 540 Days
Gross carrying value	873.41	244.00	121.85	99.53	146.60	81,90
Expected credit loss (provision)	17.34	33.60	20.30	16.70	28.38	10.83
Carrying amount (net of impairment)	856,07	210.40	101.55	82.83	118.22	71.07

Particulars	540 - 630	630 - 720 Days	720 - 1095	>1095 days
Gross carrying value	44.43	17.64	202.61	228.71
Expected credit loss (provision)	8.10	2.26	42.89	228.71
Carrying amount (net of impairment)	36.33	15.38	159.72	

Reconciliation of loss provision - lifetime expected credit losses

(₹ In Lakhs)

Reconciliation of loss allowance	Trade receivables
Loss allowance on 31 March 2020	464.93
Impairment loss recognised/reversed during the year	(55.82)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2021	409.11
Impairment loss recognised/reversed during the year	(114.40)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2022	294.71

(B) Liquidity risk

cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's Equidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the Equidity of the market in which the entity operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant manarity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

(₹ In Lakhs)

				(AH PWWHS
31 March 2022	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	Total
Non-derivatives	Section 2			10012000
Trade payable	255.17		5 8	255.17
Security deposits and retentions	61.40	0.15	- 21	61.55
Other financial liabilities	165.99			165.99
Lease Liabilities	34.57	24.45		59.02
Total	517.13	24.60	2	541.73

(₹ In Lakhs) Less than 1 1-2 years 2-3 years Total 31 March 2021 Non-derivatives 224.90 224.90 Trade payable 33.00 26.37 59.37 Security deposits and retentions 161.58 Other financial liabilities 161.58 0.76 33.72 34.48 Lease Liabilities 480.33 413.61 Total 66.72

(C) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Company has international transactions and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions (imports and exports). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denote the denote that is not the company's functional currency. The Company does not hedge its foreign exchange receivables/payables.

Notes To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

Foreign currency risk exposure;

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars		31 March 2022			31 March 2021		
	USD	EURO	GBP	USD	EURO	GBP	
l'rade receivables		1.14	<u> </u>		0.19		

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit and loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Particulars		31 March 2022			31 March 202	1
Currency sensitivity	USD	EURO	GBP	USD	EURO	GBP
Currency increase by 1%		0.01	M. A.		-	
Currency decrease by 1%		(0.01)	988	- 3	-	*

(₹ In Lakhs)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Particulars	AED	AED
Trade Payables	50	8.80

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit and loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Currency sensitivity	AED	AED .	
Currency increase by 1%		0.09	
Currency decrease by 1%		(0.09)	

(ii) Price risk

The Company's exposure to price risk arises from investments held and classified as PVTPL. To manage the price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Company diversifies its portfolio of assets.

Sensitivity analysis

Profit or loss and equity is sensitive to higher/lower prices of instruments on the Company's profit for the periods -

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Price sensitivity		
Price increase by (3 %)- FVTPL	12	3
Price decrease by (3 %)- FVTPL		

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RATIOS :-

The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 :-

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31st March 2022	31st March 2021	Variance
Current Retio (In times)	Current assets	Current liabilities	9.15	8.82	3.7%
Debt - Equity Ratio (In times)	Total Debt (represents lease liabilities)	Shareholder's Equity	0.01	0.00	74 156
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (In times)	Earnings available for debt service	Debt Service	14.67	33.28	35.9%
Return on Equity (ROE) (In %)	Net Profit for the year	Average Shareholder's Equally	10.14%	14.10%	-28.0%
Trade receivables turnovar ratio (in times)	Revenue from operations	Average Trade Receivable	2.91	2.74	6.2%
Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	Manpower services and other expenses	Average Trade Payables	7.41	6.81	8.8%
Net capital turnovar ratio (In times)	Revenue from operations	Working Capital	0.58	0.62	-5.1%
Net profit ratio (In %)	Net Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	17.54%	22.86%	-23.3%
Return on capital employed (ROCE) (In %)	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Net worth + Lease Rabifities + Deferred tax Eabilities	14.22%	18.57%	-29.5%
Return on investment(ROI) { In %)	Income generated from Investments	Time weighted average investments	5.74%	6.45%	-11.5%

Reasons for Variance of 25% or above: Debt - Equity Ratio Debt Service Coverage Ratio Return on Equity (ROE)

Increased Lease Diability

Increased least liability
Adverse Revenue Mis, higher CSR expanditure, increased misc expanses etclare the major reasons for variance in RQE



Note - 33

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- · To ensure Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and
- · To provide adequate return to shareholders

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The amounts managed as capital by the Company are summarised as follows

	(₹ In Lakhs)
	31 March 2022 31 March 2021
Equity share capital	900.00 900.00
Other equity	7030.16 7167.27
No. delete agains satio	

Net debt to equity ratio

The Company has no outstanding debt as at the end of the respective years. Accordingly, the Company has nil capital gearing ratio as at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

Note - 34 Related Party

(a) The names of related parties as identified in accordance with provisions of the Indian Accounting Standard – 24 "Related Party Disclosure": -

Serial Number	Name of the Re	lated Party	Nature of Relationship
1	Engineers India Limi	ted ('EIL')	Holding company
	Directors/Key Man March 2022)	agement Personnel (31	\$1
	Smt. Vartika Shukla	Chairman (w.e.f. 01.09.2021)	Chairman and Managing Director in Engineers India Limited
	Shri Rakesh Kumar Sabharwal	Chairman (till 31.08.2021)	Chairman and Managing Director in Engineers India Limited till 31.08.2021
	Shri Om Prakash Mishra	Non-official Independent Director (till 23.07.2021)	*
	Smt. Anita Gurjar	Non-official Independent Director	i#
2	Shri Sunil Bhatia	Director (till 30.06.2021)	Director (Finance) in Engineers India Limited till 30.06.2021.
	Shri Amitabh Budhiraja	Director (till 30.09.2021)	Executive Director in Engineers India Limited till 30.09.2021.
	Shri Avneesh Sawhney	Director (till 30,09,2021)	Executive Director in Engineers India Limited till 30.09.2021.
	Shri Sanjay Jindal	Director (w.c.f. 30.06.2021)	Executive Director (F&A) in Engineers India Limited
	Shri V.John Paul	Director (w.e.f. 28.10.2021)	Executive Director in Engineers India Limited
	Shri G Suresh	Chief Executive Officer	Chief General Manager in Engineers India Limited



			W 88
	Shri Basant Kumar Das	Chief Financial Officer	
	Ms. Jaya Totlani	Company Secretary	12
	101		
	Directors/Key Man March 2021)	agement Personnel (31	
3	Shri Rakesh Kumar Sabharwal	Chairman (w.e.f 01.02.2021)	Chairman and Managing Director in Engineer India Limited
	Shri J.C.Nakra	Chairman (till 31.01.2021)	Chairman and Managing Director in Engineer India Limited till 31.01.2021
	Shri Om Prakash Mishra	Non-official Independent Director	2
	Ms. Anita Gurjar	Non-official Independent Director	
	Shri Sunil Bhatia	Director	Director (Finance) in Engineers India Limited
	Shri R.Mahajan	Director (till 31.08.2020)	Executive Director in Engineers India Limited ti 31.08.2020
	Shri Amitabh Budhiraja	Director	Executive Director in Engineers India Limited
	Shri Avneesh Sawhney	Director (w.e.f. 01.09.2020)	Executive Director in Engineers India Limited
	Shri G Suresh	Chief Executive Officer	Chief General Manager in Engineers India Limited
	Shri G.D.Goswami	Chief Financial Officer (till 31.12.2020)	*
	Shri Basant Kumar Das	Chief Financial Officer (w.c.f. 20.01.2021)	
	Ms. Jaya Totlani	Company Secretary	-

(b) Related Party Transactions

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company had following transactions and outstanding balances with related parties:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	Relationship	Year	Amount	(Payable)/Receivable
Professional	Holding	31 March 2022	241.73	(110.70)
and technical services and facilities (Shown under Manpower Services head in Profit & Loss account)	Company	31 March 2021	207.31	(60.70)
Execution of contract for	Holding	31 March 2022	226.13	71.58*
Services (Shown under Income from Operations head in Profit & Loss account)	Company	31 March 2021	836.40	313.23*

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

Dividend (interim and	Holding	31 March 2022	963.00	4
final)	Company	31 March 2021	927.00	

^{*}includes security deposit of ₹ 31.01 Lakhs and ₹ 39.39 Lakhs as at 31.03.2022 and 31.03.2021 respectively.

(c) Director's remuneration:

Sitting fees paid to Non-official Independent Directors for 31 March 2022 is ₹ 1.65 Lakhs (Previous year 31 March 2021 : ₹ 4.20 Lakhs)

(d) Chief Executive Officer of the Company is on deputation from EIL and the salary for which is paid by Engineers India Limited. EIL raises monthly bills on the basis of man-hour cost as per agreement with the Company which are accounted for as professional charges, under the head "Manpower Services". The details of the same is as under:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Remuneration	71.89	65.82

(e) Transactions and balances pertaining to KMP's (Other than CEO)

(₹ in Lakhs)

		7
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Transaction during the year		
Remuneration	36.57	66.52
Rent Paid for residential accommodation	NIL	1.81
Balance as at year end		
Outstanding loans, interest and other receivables	NIL	NIL

Defined Benefit obligation for Key Management Personnel (Other than CEO) :- (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		Leave enca	Leave encashment		Long service awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Total Defined Benefit Obligation	10.05	9.23	25.80	17.80	0.71	0.67	

Note - 35 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

i) Contingent Liabilities:

a) Income Tax assessments have been completed up to the assessment year 2019-2020. Tax liability, if any, in respect of pending assessment for subsequent assessment years up to assessment year 2021-22 cannot be ascertained. Due taxes on self-assessment basis have been paid.



- b) The Company has filed an application for rectification (u/s 154) of processing mistakes amounting to ₹ 63.24 Lakhs (inclusive of interest) (Previous Year ₹ 63.24 Lakhs (inclusive of interest) in intimation u/s 143(1) for the assessment year 2016-17.
- c) The Company has filed an application for rectification (u/s 154) of processing mistakes amounting to ₹ 124.37 Lakhs (inclusive of interest) (Previous Year ₹ Nil) as wrongly shown in computation sheet attached with the Assessment Order u/s 147 r.w.s 144 read with section 144B dated 30.03.2022 for the assessment year 2015-16.
- d) The Company has filed an appeal against a demand of service tax of ₹ 1130.41 Lakhs (inclusive of interest and penalty) (Previous Year ₹1092.02 Lakhs (inclusive of interest and penalty)) by Commissioner of Service Tax issued on 20 January 2016 covering the period from April 2004 to March 2013 before Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT), Mumbai. Pre-deposit of Rs 19.20 Lakhs had been deposited by the company on 13.04.2016.

ii) Commitments:

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided in accounts ₹ Nil (Previous Year - ₹ Nil).

Note - 36

Employee Benefits

The disclosures required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 19) 'Employee Benefits' are given below:

Defined Contribution Plan

The amount recognized as an expense in defined contribution plan is as under:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Contributory Provident Fund and Employees' Pension Scheme, 1995	119.06	123.70
Contributory National Pension System (NPS)	74.80	71.99

Defined Benefit Plan

Company is having the following Defined Benefit Plans:

- Gratuity (funded)
- Leave encashment (unfunded)
- Long service awards (unfunded)

In this regard, actuarial valuation as on 31 March, 2022 was carried out by actuary in respect of all three plans, and the details are as under:

Risks associated with plan provisions

Inherent risk	The plan is of a final salary defined benefit in nature which is sponsored by the Company and hence it underwrites all the risks pertaining to the plan. In particular, there is a risk for the Company that any adverse salary growth or demographic experience or inadequate returns on underlying plan assets can result in an increase in cost of providing these benefits to employees in future. Since the benefits are lump sum in nature the plan is not subject to any longevity risks
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Disclosures related to funded obligations

a) The amounts recognized	in the balance	sheet			(N/)	In Lakhs)
	Gratuity (Funded)			Leave encashment (Unfunded)		ce awards ided)
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Present value of obligations as at the end of year	440.12	427.13	834.13	665.47	25.18	25.93
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	452.95	429.62	-	+4		
Amount Not Recognised due to asset limit	275	(# ₅₇	12.			1
Funded status	(12.83)	(2.19)	(834.13)	(665.47)	(25.18)	(25.93)
Net (asset)/liability recognized in balance sheet	(12.83)	(2.19)	834.13	665.47	25.18	25,93

	Gratuity (Funded)		Leave encashment (Unfunded)*		Long service awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Current service cost	10.20	10.88	108.58	122,47	2.10	2.36
Past service cost	-	10.000		47.11	-	3990
Interest on net benefit asset/liability	(0.50)	2.67	45.19	38.27	1.66	1.41
Re-measurements gains/losses	3	-	147.41	(8.86)	(1.51)	0,17
Expenses recognized in statement of profit and loss	9.70	13.55	301.18	198.99	2.25	3.99

^{*} Amount debited to Profit & Loss is inclusive benefits availed.

c) Expenses recognized in C	Gratuity (Funded)		Leave encashment (Unfunded)		Long service awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Actuarial (gains)/loss	-		-	22		
Change in financial assumption	(20.09)	(8.76)	7 4 1	-		
Change in demographic assumption	(6.28)	2.		17)		
Experience adjustments	5.27	(4.18)	1-2			
Actual return on plan assets	1,58	(2.06)	(ATT)	~	190	
Adjustments to recognise the effect of asset ceiling	SE()	2.	-	_	N+	
Expenses recognized in other comprehensive income	(19.52)	(15.00)	-		9.	



	Gratuity (Funded)		Leave encashment (Unfunded)		Long service awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Present value of obligations as at beginning of year	427,43	421.68	665.47	582,19	25.93	22.79
Interest cost	29.50	27.82	45.19	38.27	2.10	1.44
Current service cost	10.20	10.88	108.58	122.47	1.66	2,38
Past service cost	7	9. _{9.86}	. 0.5	47.11	-	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligations	(21.11)	(12.95)	147.41	(8.86)	(1,51)	0.1
Benefit paid	(5.90)	(20.00)	(132.52)	(115.71)	(3.00)	(0.85
Present value of obligations as at end of year	440.12	427.43	834.13	665.47	25.18	25.9

	Gratuity (Funded)		Leave encashment (Unfunded)		Long service awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Fair value of plan assets as on beginning of year	429.62	377-34	HE.		75	
Interest on plan assets	30.00	25:15		75	(4)	-
Re-measurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	(1.58)	2.06		5-0	-	6) 2
Contributions	0.81	45.07		100	-	81
Benefits paid	(5.90)	(20.00)		70 COM		54
Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	452.95	429,62		(75)	72	97 97

	Gratuity (Funded)		Leave encashment (Unfunded)		Long service awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Discount rate	7.30 %	6.95%	7.30 %	6.95%	7,30 %	6.95%
Expected rate of future salary increase	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
Retirement age	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years	60 years



- 4) Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability -100% of IALM (2012 -14)
- 5) Rates of leaving service at specimen ages are as shown below-:

Age (Years)	Rates (p.a.)
21 – 30	0%
31 – 40	1.24%
41 – 50	0.42%
51 – 59	0%

6) Leaving service due to disability is included in the provision made for all causes of leaving service (paragraph 5 above).

g) Maturity profile o	f defined ben	efit obligati	on				(₹ In I	.akhs)
	Gratuity (Funded)		Gratuity (Funded) Leave Encashment (Earned Leave) (Unfunded)		Leave Encashment (Half Pay Leave) (Unfunded)		Long Service Awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Weighted average of the defined benefit obligation	12.87 Years	13.49 Years	8.40 Years	12,20 Years	6.85 Years	8.76 Years	4.09 Years	4.81 Years
Duration of defined benefit obligation								
Duration (years)			*					
1	11.30	5.97	50.14	15.82	28.63	14.70	6.65	4.00
2	4.76	5.94	46.06	16.31	27.79	15.06	3.13	6.05
3	4.96	6.24	46.49	17.13	27.53	15.45	0.77	3.03
4	5.27	7.00	47.02	18.26	27.29	15.85	2.78	0.71
5	5.57	7.41	47.55	19.21	27.05	16.26	0.94	2.68
. 6	25.01	8.17	48.89	20.52	33.69	16.68	5.58	0.85
7	41.73	27.64	72.27	21.64	26.69	25.41	2.66	4.98
8	6.42	42.50	45.95	52.24	24.08	18.14	0.45	2.53
9	115.85	8.96	101.79	22.49	30.13	16.31	2.19	0.41
Above 10	1029,92	1103.20	687.06	1034.46	209.46	255.48	10.64	11.45

	Gratuity (funded)		Leave Encashment (Unfunded)		Long Service Awards (Unfunded)	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 202
Fund managed by insurer	100%	100%	-	-		44

i) Sensitivity Analysis Gratuity (Funded)			(₹ In Lakhs)		
Particulars	Discount ra	ite	Salary escalation rate		
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-6.18%	-6.47%	0.79%	1.09%	
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	6.70%	7.04%	-0.81%	-1.15%	



Leave Encashment (Earned Leave) (Unfunded)

Particulars	Discount ra	ite	Salary escalation rate	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-4.07%	-5.86%	4.25%	6,20%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	4.34%	6.36%	-4.02%	-5.78%

Leave Encashment (Half Pay Leave) (Unfunded)

Particulars	Discount to	ate	Salary escalation rate	
and described \$500000 and the second	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-3.33%	-4.24%	3.45%	4.42%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	3.52%	4.53%	-3,30%	-4.18%

Long Service Awards (Unfunded)

Particulars	Discount rate		Salary escalation rate	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-1.98%	-2.33%	-2.14%	-2.53%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	2.07%	2.44%	1,51%	2.88%

Note - 37

Proposed Dividend

(₹	In	Lal	ch	s)
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Proposed dividend on equity shares	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Proposed Final dividend for 31 March 2022 (₹26.00 per share) (previous year 31 March 2021 : ₹ 47.00 per share)	234.00	423.00
Total	234.00	423.00

Note - 38

CSR activity reserve amounting to ₹ 17.10 Lakhs for 31 March 2022 (Previous year 31 March 2021 : ₹ 73.52 Lakhs. Lakhs) represents unspent amount out of amounts set aside for meeting social obligations as per Department of Public Enterprise guidelines and the Companies Act 2013 for Corporate Social Responsibility

Note - 39

There is no impairment of cash generating assets during the year in terms of Ind AS 36 "Impairment of Assets".



Note - 40

Liability in respect of 'Performance Related Pay', amounting to ₹ 25.53 Lakhs (previous year 31 March 2021 : ₹ 56.74 Lakhs) for the employees for the year ended on 31 March 2022 has been estimated and provided based on scheme formulated in accordance with DPE guidelines, based upon certain ranking parameters.

Note - 41

Guarantees issued by banks and outstanding as on 31 March 2022 ₹ 586.33 Lakhs, inclusive of Expired BG of ₹ 9.19 Lakhs, (previous years 31 March 2021 653.07 Lakhs, inclusive of Expired BG of ₹ 19.75 Lakhs).

Note - 42

The Company has a Memorandum of Understanding with Engineers India Limited (The Holding Company) for utilizing their facilities like providing manpower, office space and other facilities etc. The MOU provides level based fixed man hour/ man-day rates for EIL employees on cost plus overhead basis and fixed annual cost towards space, infrastructure and facilities etc.

The Company also has entered into Memorandum of Understandings with Engineers India Limited for providing Technical services to EIL at actual cost plus margin.

Note -43

The dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006 to the extent information available with the company is given below:

(₹ In Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
I	Amount due and payable at the year end		
	- Principal	59.62	91.21
	- Interest on above Principal	石	2
ii	The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment after the due date-	¥	
Iii	The amount of interest due and payable for principals already paid		-
Iv	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the year end	¥	+
V .	The amount of interest which is due and payable which is carried forward from last year	*	

Note -44

The Company operates in the nature of service towards Certification and Third Party Inspection jobs, which comes under single segment. Hence segment reporting requirements under Ind AS-108 "Operating Segments" is not applicable.

Note - 45

The details of revenue are as below:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Revenue from Operations	4624.50	4911.00
Other Income	366.14	397,69
Total Revenue	4990.64	5308.69

Note -46

Trade receivables and Contract Balances

The following table provides information about Trade receivable, Contract assets and Contract Liabilities from Contract with Customers:

(₹ In Lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Trade Receivables (Note No. 11) - Net of Allowance for expected credit losses	1527.64	1651.57
Contract Assets (Unbilled Revenue) (Note No. 6 B)	627.16	600.51
Contract Liabilities (Uncarned Revenue) (Note No. 17 B)	26.72	124.69
Contract Liabilities (Advance from Customers) (Note No. 17 B)	98.00	54.44

The company classifies the right to consideration in exchange for deliverables as either a receivable or as unbilled revenue.

A receivable is a right to consideration that is unconditional upon passage of time. Trade receivable and unbilled revenue are presented net of impairment in the Balance Sheet.

Revenues in excess of Invoicing is recorded as unbilled revenue (contract assets) and is classified as a financial asset. Revenue recognition for Lump sum contracts is based on percentage of completion method based on cost progress. Invoicing to the clients is based on milestones as defined in the contract. Revenue from Cost plus and rate plus jobs are recognized when the related services are performed and revenue from the end of the last invoicing to the reporting date is recognized as unbilled revenue.

Invoicing in excess of earnings are classified as Income received in advance (contract liabilities) and is classified as other current liabilities.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, ₹ 600.51 Lakhs of unbilled revenue as of April 1, 2021 (Previous year Rs. ₹ 419.52 Lakhs) has been reclassified to Trade receivables upon billing to customers.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company recognized revenue of ₹124.69 Lakhs arising from opening unearned revenue as of April 1, 2021 (Previous year ₹ 112.51 Lakhs)

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company recognised revenue of ₹ 7.82 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 3.09 Lakhs) from obligations satisfied in previous periods.

Remaining performance obligations

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Performance obligation estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including termination, changes in the scope of work, adjustment for revenue that has not materialized, and adjustments for currency.

The aggregate value of performance obligations that are completely or partially unsatisfied as of 31 March 2022 is ₹ 5606.35 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 4253.47 Lakhs). Out of this, the Company expects to recognize revenue of around 35% within the next one year and the remaining thereafter.



Note - 47

The balances of trade receivables, loans and advances, customer's advances, retention money, security deposits receivable/payable and trade payables are subject to confirmation and reconciliation.

Tax deducted at source by our clients & banks for the financial year 2021-22 is subject to reconciliation with Form 26AS.

Note - 48

Corporate social responsibility expenses

The requisite disclosure relating to CSR expenditure in terms on amended Schedule III of the Companies Act and Guidance Note on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India:

(a) Disclosure with regard to CSR activities:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Amount required to be spent by the Company during financial year	28.14	30.10
Amount spent during the year	59.23	5.20
Amount of Expenditure incurred	84.56	5.20
Shortfall at the end of the year	25.32	24.90
Total of previous years shortfall	17.10	48.62
Amount available for Set Off		
Total of Excess amount spent at the end of year including previous year		
Surplus arising out of CSR Project		
Reason for Shortfall	Pertains to ongoing projects	Rs. 64.80 Lacs Pertains to ongoing projects & Rs. 8.72 Lacs transferred to PMNRI on 29.09.21
Details of related party transactions	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Provision made with respect to a liability incurred	25.32	

Also Refer Note No 15 & 18B.

(₹ in lakhs)

		(X III Jakiis)
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Opening balance		31.00
Additional provision during the year	25.32	
Provision used during the year		31.00
Closing balance	25.32	

(b) Amount spent during the financial year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021 on:

(₹ in lakhs)

				Name of the last o
Particulars		In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
(i) Construction/acquisition	31 March 2022	2.82	25.32	28.14
of any asset	31 March 2021	*		*
(ii) On purposes other than (i)	31 March 2022	56.42		56,42
above	31 March 2021	5.20	(+)	5.20



^{*}Movement of Provision

(c) Nature of CSR activities:

(₹ in lakhs)

31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
Ψ.	//2	
37.80	4.20	
28.14		
8		
-	- T-	
8.72		
9.90	1.00	
84.56	5.20	
	37.80 28.14 - - 8.72 9.90	

Note - 49

Compensation of Rs. 15.00 Lacs has been granted by the company in its 126th Board Meeting of Board of Directors to Survivors of Late Mr Arjun T (Outsourced Employee of CEIL), who was found deceased while on service to CEIL on Barge P-305 which sank due to Cyclone Tauktae. The said compensation has been shown in profit & loss account under "Miscellaneous Expenses" (Note No 27C).

Note - 50

Income Tax Refundable details are as follows:-

(₹ in lakhs)

Assessment Year	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
2002-03	9.82	9.82
2007-08	11.85	11.85
2008-09	7.00	7.00
2011-12	20.99	20.99
2012-13	2.88	2.88
2014-15	48.61	48.61
2016-17	4.14	4.14
2018-19	38.68	42.06
2019-20		7.48
2020-21	106.39	106.39
2021-22	0.37	
	250.73	261.22

Note - 51

- a) The company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year 2021-22.
- b) The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution.
- c) The non-fund based facilities from banks are unsecured. The company is availing non fund based facilities from a bank and furnishing required documents as and when required by the banker, more particularly at the time of renewal exercise i.e. on yearly basis.
- d) There are no pending charges which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) as on 31 March 2022 with respect to the Non fund based facilities availed by CEIL.



Note - 52

Previous year's figures have been regrouped /reclassified to make them comparable to the figures of the current year.

For S.B.G & Company.

For and on behalf of Certification Engineers International Limited

Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 001818N

CA S.B. GUPTA

(J. TOTLAND)

(BASANT K DAS)

Partner

Delhi

Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer Chief Executive Officer Director

Chairman

Membership No. 089415

PAN: BGIPK9258H PAN: AEUPD5295E PAN: AGLPS8759H

DIN: 09223617

DIN: 08777885

Place: New Delhi

Date: May 25, 2022

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